# KENTUCKY

# AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

OF THE

# STATE COLLEGE OF KENTUCKY.

BULLETIN NO. 75.

COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS.

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

June, 1898.

### KENTUCKY

# Agricultural Experiment Station.

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The Bulletins of the Station will be mailed free to any citizen of Kentucky who sends his name and address to the Station for that purpose.

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#### ADDRESS:

KENTUCKY AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION, LEXINGTON, KY.

# Bulletin No. 75.

## COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS.

The Legislature, at its last session, amended the law regulating the sale of fertilizers in this Commonwealth in several very important particulars. The new law went into effect March 14th, in the midst of the spring season, when a large number of manufacturers had already entered their fertilizers for sale in the State for the year 1898 under the provisions of the old law. The passage of the new law could not effect these, but all applications received after March 14th were entered according to the new law. We publish in this bulletin the analyses of all the samples that had been entered by manufacturers for 1898 under the old law, and also the analyses of four samples, Nos. 3800 to 3803, entered by Dunn & Backer, Troy, Ind., in 1897 which were omitted from Bulletin No. 71 through oversight.

As soon as possible after the passage of the new law, all manufacturers of fertilizers doing business in the State were notified of its provisions, and we take this opportunity of publishing the law among the farmers of the State, and of adding a few words of explanation of the most important changes that were made, and of the proper method to follow in applying for free analyses under the law.

The new law requires manufacturers to make affidavit to the Director guaranteeing the minimum analysis of each brand of fertilizer which they propose to sell in the State and the Director shall print this guaranteed analysis over his facsimile signature in the form of a tag, and every package of fertilizer sold or offered for sale in the State shall have one of these

tags attached, and this tag analysis shall be the standard by which the fertilizer is to be judged. The tag shall also show the net weight of fertilizer contained in each package. manufacturer also sends to the Director a fair sample of each kind of fertilizer which he proposes to put on sale. Director is given authority to take samples for analysis from any fertilizer on sale in the state, and is required to make every year at least one analysis of each kind of fertilizer that has been entered for sale. The law also provides that any purchaser of a fertilizer, who is not an agent or dealer, may take a sample of the same, under proper regulations, and have it analyzed at the Station free, and such a purchaser shall not be required to give the name of the fertilizer or of the person from whom it was bought until after the analysis has been made and reported. But after the purchaser has received the report of analysis he must give the Director all information about the fertilizer that may be required for publication in the Station bulletins or for prosecution of the case if it appear that the law has been violated.

IMPORTANT TO CAREFULLY SAMPLE. It is very important that samples for analysis be carefully taken in such a way as to be sure that they fairly represent the fertilizer purchased, and we request that any one intending to have an analysis made will read Section 8 of the law very carefully before taking the sample. To avoid the charge of unfairness in sampling, the law provides that the person or agent who sold the fertilizer be present when the sample is taken, but if this is not possible or convenient, the sample may be taken in presence of two disinterested witnesses. It is required that the sample be taken from at least a tenth of the whole number of sacks purchased, but the more sacks sampled the better, and it is always best to take the sample from at least two or A quantity should be taken from each of the three sacks. sacks selected to be opened, and all mixed together in one pile, and a quart jar filled from the mixture. The jar should be sealed and marked with the name and address of the sender in such a way that there can be no mistake about the identity of the sample, and forwarded at once to the Director of the Station. The Station will furnish blank forms for the certificate, which is to go with the sample, but if there is not time to write for them, it may be made out after the form printed herewith. (See page 84.) All such samples must be taken at, or soon after, the time of purchasing the fertilizer, as it is not intended that a fertilizer be kept for months, possibly subject to change from exposure, and then be submitted to analysis.

ESTIMATED VALUATION. It will be noticed that under the new law the estimated value per ton is not given on the tag. It was thought best, to leave it off for two reasons. First, because the ingredients of which fertilizers are made vary in price from time to time during the year and as the tags are good for a year, or until used, the estimated value might not represent anywhere near the true valuation during a portion of the year, at least. And second, because it is much more important that the farmer should buy on the percentage of phosphoric acid, nitrogen and potash in the fertilizer than on the estimated value. The estimated value includes the value of the nitrogen, the phosphoric acid and the potash. Some soils only need phosphoric acid and others nitrogen, while still others potash. Take, for example, a soil that needs potash only—as the blue grass soil of Kentucky; it is evident that a fertilizer rich in potash should be purchased. Suppose, however, that a farmer living in the blue grass region should be offered a fertilizer containing 10 per cent. of available phosphoric acid, 5 per cent. of nitrogen and 1 per cent. of potash. The estimated value of this would be \$32.90 a ton; the potash in the fertilizer is valued at \$1.40, the phosphoric acid at \$14.00 and the nitrogen at \$17.50. Now, if he were offered this fertilizer, say at \$25.00 a ton and its estimated value was \$32.90, he might think he was getting it at a low figure, and would purchase it in preference to another fertilizer rich in potash. He would be paying a large amount, however, for the phosphoric acid and nitrogen, which he did not need. If, however, he did not purchase on the valuation, but on the percentages of the ingredients, he would see at once that I per cent. of potash and Io per cent. of phosphoric acid

and 5 per cent. of nitrogen was not the composition of fertilizer he was seeking, and he would refuse to buy because it did not contain potash in large quantities. Other examples might be given where nitrogen was needed, also phosphoric acid. The only true way for a farmer to purchase a fertilizer is on its composition. He must look to see how much available phosphoric acid, how much nitrogen and how much potash it contains, and purchase accordingly.

The estimated value of each fertilizer will be found in the

fertilizer bulletins.

The following is the law in full, and all farmers interested in the use of fertilizers are requested to read it through carefully. To guide those who intend sending samples of fertilizers for free analysis we have printed after the law the form of certificate filled out so as to indicate how the blanks should be filled:

# The Kentucky Fertilizer Law.

AN ACT REGULATING THE SALE OF FERTILIZERS IN THIS COMMON-WEALTH.

SECTION 1. In each year, before any person or company shall sell, offer or expose for sale in this State any commercial fertilizer, said person or company shall furnish to the Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Kentucky, which Station is hereby recognized as the "Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station," a sealed quantity of such commercial fertilizer, not less than one pound, sufficient for analysis, accompanied by an affidavit that the sample so furnished is a fair and true sample of a commercial fertilizer which the said person or company desires to sell in this State; and said affidavit shall also state the name and address of the manufacturer, the name of the fertilizer, the number of net pounds in each package, and the minimum percentages of the essential ingredients guaranteed in said fertilizer, in such form and manner as may be prescribed by said Director.

SEC. 2. The Director of said Experiment Station, upon receipt of affidavit and sample as provided for in section 1 and upon receipt of the fees hereinafter provided, shall issue to said person or company a sufficient number of labels to tag not less than twenty (20) tons of said fertilizer, on which label shall be printed the name and address of the manufacturer, the name of the fertilizer, the number of net pounds in each package, and the minimum percentage composition in terms approved by the said Director as certified to in affidavit furnished by said person or company, together with a certificate from the Director over his facsimile signature, authorizing the sale of such package according to the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 3. Every bag or other package or quantity of any commercial fertilizer, in any shape or form whatever, sold or offered for sale in this State, shall have attached to it in a conspicuous place a label as provided in section 2.

SEC. 4. Any manufacturer or vendor of any commercial fertilizer, or any person or company who shall sell, offer or expose for sale any fertilizer without having previously complied with the provisions of this Act, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars for each violation or evasion of this Act.

SEC. 5. The Director shall receive for the labels described in section 2 of this Act fifty (50) cents for such number as may be required for one ton of fertilizer; provided, That he may not furnish at any one time a less number than is sufficient for ten (10) tons of fertilizer.

SEC. 6. The Director of said Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station shall pay all such fees received by him into the Treasury of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, the authorities of which shall expend the same in meeting the legitimate expenses of the Station, and for inspecting and making analyses of fertilizers, in experimental tests of same, and in such other experimental work and purchases as shall inure to the benefit of the farmers of this Commonwealth. The Director shall, within two months of the biennial meeting of the General Assembly, present to the Commissioner of Agriculture a report of the work done by him, together with an itemized statement of receipts and expenditures for the two years preceding under the operations of this Act.

SEC. 7. The Director of said Experiment Station is hereby authorized, in person or by deputy, to take samples for analysis from any bag or other package or quantity of any commercial fertilizer in the possession of any dealer or transportation company in this State; to enforce the provisions of this Act; and to make and enforce such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary to carry fully into effect the true intent and meaning of this Act.

SEC. 8. Any person not a dealer in, or agent for the sale of any fertilizer who may purchase any commercial fertilizer in this State for his own use and not for sale, may take a sample of the same for analysis, which analysis shall be made by the said Experiment Station free of charge. Such sample for free analysis shall be taken by the purchaser in the presence of the person, company or agent selling the fertilizer, from at least ten (10) per cent. of the sacks or other packages comprising the whole lot purchased, and shall be thoroughly mixed and at least one pound of the material after mixing must be put into a jar or can, securely sealed and marked in such a way as to surely identify the sample and show by

whom it was sent, without giving the name of the fertilizer or the person from whom it was purchased, and must be forwarded to the Director of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, Ky. The purchaser shall also send with the sample a certificate signed by himself and witness, or by two witnesses, stating that the sender has purchased the fertilizer for his own use and not for sale, and that the sample was taken in the manner prescribed in this Section. Provided, however, that if the person, company or agent shall refuse to witness the taking of the sample, then the sample may be taken at the time of the purchase in the manner already described in the presence of two witnesses who shall certify to the manner of taking the sample. The purchaser shall preserve the official label from one of the bags or other packages sampled to be sent to the Director after having received the report of analysis of the sample, and at the same time he shall furnish to the Director the name and address of the firm of whom the fertilizer was purchased and the amount purchased; and any person having sent a sample for free analysis, under the provisions of this section, who shall, after having received the report of analysis of the same, refuse to furnish the required information, shall thereafter forfeit the privilege of free analysis of fertilizers under this section. But if any sample shall have been submitted for free analysis without all the requirements of this section having been complied with, the Director shall inquire into the case and may accept the sample for free analysis if he believe that it is a fair sample of the fertilizer as it was delivered to the purchaser.

SEC. 9. The label attached, according to section 2, to any bag or other package of commercial fertilizer sold, offered or exposed for sale in this State, shall be accepted as the guarantee of the manufacturer, dealer or agent, that the fertilizer contains the kinds and amounts of essential ingredients printed on the tag; and any person fraudulently attaching or permitting to be attached to any package of fertilizer a fraudulent or counterfeit label, a genuine label used a second time, or a label representing it to contain a larger percentage of any one or more of the essential ingredients than is actually found by analysis to be contained in the said fertilizer, may be fined as provided in section 4 of this Act and shall also be liable for reasonable damages sustained by the purchaser of such fertilizer; Provided, however, That a deficiency of one-fourth of one per cent. in any of the essential ingredients shall not be considered evidence of

fraudulent intent.

SEC. 10. The Director of said Experiment Station shall annually analyze or cause to be analyzed at least one sample of every fertilizer sold or offered for sale under the provisions of this Act; and he shall publish in one or more bulletins the analyses made during the year, together with the relative commercial value of each fertilizer computed from its analysis as he may determine, and the analysis guaranteed by the manufacturer.

SEC 11. To facilitate the inspection of fertilizers, the Director is authorized to require all manufacturers making shipments into or within

the State to notify him of the kinds, amounts, dates, destinations and consignees of all such shipments.

SEC. 12. If the Director of the said Experiment Station shall believe that any fertilizer offered for sale in this State is of no practical manurial value, he shall refuse to furnish any labels to be placed on such fertilizer,

SEC. 13. All Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed. Whereas, the time is near at hand for the purchase of fertilizers for the spring crops, and as agriculturists are anxious to test the analysis of their fertilizers, Therefore, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, so this Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

## Form of Certificate.

The following is the proper form of certificate to accompany samples for free analysis. The words in italics are supposed to have been written in the blanks of one of our printed forms by the sender of the sample and give an idea of how these blanks should be filled. Anyone intending to send a sample for free analysis can get these blank certificates by writing to the Station.

# Certificate for Free Analysis.

Smithville, Ky., June 1st, 1898.

M. A. SCOVELL, Director,

LEXINGTON, KY.

This is to certify that I am not a dealer in, or agent for the sale of any fertilizer, and that the fertilizer, a sample of which I have sent by express to you for free analysis was purchased by me for my own use and not for sale.

I further certify that the sample was taken at the time of purchase from at least 10 per cent. of the sacks or other packages comprising the whole lot purchased, and that it was taken as provided in Section 8 of the fertilizer law, in the following described manner, to wit: I opened four sacks of the fertilizer and took two shovels full from each and mixed them all together thoroughly on a clean floor and immediately filled a quart jar with the mixed fertilizer and labeled it "No. 1 from John Smith, Smithville, Ky."

Upon receipt of the analysis from you, I agree to furnish you with a tag taken from one of the sacks sampled, the name and address of the firm or agent of whom the fertilizer was purchased and the amount purchased.

(Signature) John Smith,

(P. O. Address) Smithville, Kv.

Signature of Witnesses:

Sam Jones.

Will Brown.

# Explanations in Regard to the Tables.

For convenience, the analyses in this bulletin are arranged in two tables:

Table I., contains ground bones, ammoniated bones, etc.

Table II., those fertilizers whose phosphatic materials have been acted upon by sulphuric acid in order to render the phosphoric acid in them more soluble.

The finer a bone is ground the more valuable it is. For this reason we divide ground bone into "fine bone" and "medium bone" and give the amount of phosphoric acid in each separately in the tables. In computing the estimated value, the phosphoric acid in the "fine bone" is given a greater value than that in the "medium bone."

In Table II., the phosphoric acid is stated as "soluble," "reverted" and "insoluble" phosphoric acid in the fertilizer. The sum of the "soluble" and "reverted" is "available" phosphoric acid, or the phosphoric acid that is of immediate use to plants. In this table is also given the nitrogen, as well as its "equivalent in ammonia," or, in other words, the greatest amount of ammonia which would be possible to be made from the nitrogen; also the amount of potash either in the form of sulphate or muriate or both. As sulphate of potash is somewhat more costly than muriate, it is thought best to give the form in which the potash is found in the fertilizers analyzed.

#### Values Used.

The same values for the "essential ingredients" will be used in 1898 as in 1897, as follows:

Soluble and reverted phosphoric acid in mixed fertilizers, 7 cents; in plain acid and unacidulated phosphates, 5 cents per pound.

Insoluble phosphoric acid in mixed fertilizers, 2½ cents; in plain acid phosphates, nothing; in Orchilla guano, 3 cents; in other unacidulated phosphates, 2 cents per pound.

Phosphoric acid in fine bone\*, 4 cents; in medium bone\*, 3 cents per pound.

Nitrogen in all fertilizers, 17½ cents per pound.

Potash in all fertilizers, from sulphate, 7 cents; from muriate, 6 cents per pound.

<sup>\*</sup>Fine Bone is all that passes through a sieve with meshes 1-25 inch square. Medium bone passes through a sieve with meshes 1-6 inch square, but does not include fine bone.

TABLE I.—Raw Bone Manures.

	19	Estimated Value p	\$32 41	31 23	31 30	31 85	31 88	30 05	21 61	29 41	29 64
<.		Equivalent to Ammonia.	4.75	4.08	4.72	4.22	4.71	5.21	3.99	4.37	4.20
IDRED.		Nitrogen.	3.91	3.36	3.89	3.48	3.88	4.29	3.29	3.60	3.46
IR HUN	9	Equivalent to Bone Phosphate.	55.77	55.60	55.10	34.25	54.76	45.65	28.78	49.40	1 50.07
POUNDS IN THE HUNDRED	Acid.	Total.	25.53	25.46	25.23	15.68	25.07	20.90	13.18	22.62	22.93
SUNDO	Phosphoric Acid.	In Medium Bone.	8.53	4.51	12.56	5.19	8.77	8.63	2.31	6.45	4.04
	Phos	In Fine Bone.	17.00	20.95	12.67	10.49	16.30	12.27	10.87	16.20	18.89
		NAME OF BRAND.	Raw Bone Meal	Bone Meal	0	brand, No.	Grower Lear Brand, No. 9	Raw Bone Meal	Ammoniated Bone Meal	Fine Ground Bone	Ammoniated Bone Meal
		NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER.	The Armour Fertilizer Works, Chicago, III	Same Same	land, O	Dunn & Backer, 1roy, Ind	Same	J. B. Jones, Louisville, Ky	Same	nati, O	Same
		Station Number.	4159	4160	9999	2000	5805	4212	4213	4123	4124

thigan roit, Mic	4223   Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich	Desiccated Bone	26.54	5.44	31.98	69.86	1.27	1.54	26.54 5.44 31.98 69.86 1.27 1.54 28 94
4224 Same Same North Worth Bottiling Co.	ć	Banner Raw Bone	13.83	8.33	22.16	48.39	3.68	4.47	28 94
hicago, Ill		Chicago, III Bone 14.75 9.04 23.79 51.97 4.03 4.89 31 33	14.75	9.04	23.79	51.97	4.03	4.89	31 33
4171 Same		H. S. B. Pure Ground Bone 16.32 5.50 21.82 47.67 3 70 4.49 29 31	16.32	5.50	21.82	47.67	3 70	4.49	29 31

\* Potash from muriate 6.81 per cent.

TABLE II.-Complete Fertilizers, Superphosphates, Etc.

19	d ən	Estimated Val	\$27 99	27 97	25 39	37 00	27 16	32 89	39 07	27 18	23 20	24 73
	ısh.	From Sulphate,	4.96	2.32		7.07			5.60			
ED.	Potash.	From Muriate.			2.14		3 21			0.67		2.73
HUNDR		Equivalent to Ammonia.	2.36	3.93	2.72	3.86	2.63	4.31	6.14	3.53	2.16	1.88
THE		Nitrogen.	1.94	3.24	2 24	3.18	2.17	3.55	5.06	2.91	1.78	1.55
POUNDS IN THE HUNDRED	Acid.	Insoluble.	2.34	2.80	2.96	2.98	2.85	7.52	3.72	3.26	3.54	4.03
POU	Phosphoric Acid	Reverted.	3.00	3.06	3.06	6.03	3.84	8.39	5.99	3.29	4.85	3.57
	Phosp	Soluble.	6.35	5.50	6.58	4.31	6.36	3.54	2 34	7.11	6.01	6.43
		NAME OF BRAND.	Tobacco Grower	Ammoniated Bone with Potash	Grain Grower				Indian Brand Tobacco and Potato Fertilizer	Buckeye Ammoniated Bone Superphosphate	Ohio Seed Maker	Ohio Seed Maker and Potash
		NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER.	The Armour Fertilizer Works, Chicago, III	Same	Same	Same	George S. Bartlett, Cincinnati, O.	Same	Ѕаше	The Cleveland Dryer Co., Cleveland, O	Same	4941   Same
•	er.	Station Numb	4161	4162	4163	4164	4194	4206	4251	4239	4240	49.41

05	33	01	63	55	64	45	63	05	41	21	49	43	98	73	39 14	86	30 10
. 20	. 13		. 32	. 28	. 27	. 24	22	21	24	21	21	21	31	37	39	34	
1.50							2.65	0.79	4.04	1.40	1.45	1.39			10 65	5.04	3 42
1993 Carrier				2.93	6.17	2.57							60.6	10.74			
1.25			3.14	3.47	2.00	1.92	1.03	0.39	1.82	0.63	0.61	0.59	2.82	4.77	3.37	4.82	3.48
1.03			2.59	2.86	1.65	1.58	0.85	0.32	1.50	0.52	0.50	0.49	2.32	3.93	2.78	3,97	2.87
2.94   1.98   1.03   1.25	2.24	1.32	9.45	3.84	3.65	4.11	2.49	3.98	1.82	3.16	3.19	3.17	7.71	7.80	0.78	1.00	1.06
2.94	9.80	3.60	10.57	2 18	3.25	3.50	2.32	3,49	2.32	2.65	2.68	2.98	3.60	4.31	1.46	1.61	1.67
6.81	3.53	7.41	2.88	7.18	5.77	6.32	8.17	8.53	6.67	8.67	8.83	8 57	2.81	0.82	8.62	8.05	8.85
Phospho Bone	XXX Superphosphate	Horsehead Phosphate	Square Bone	White Burley Tobacco Fertil	Potato and General Crop Fer- tilizer	Kentucky Tobacco Grower	and Grass	cial cial		Potato Grower	Currie's Soluble Bone	Grower	brand,	Grower Lear Brand, No. 4	Globe Special Tobacco Grower	Globe Potato Grower	nure
4242   Same	Same				Same	Same	Louisville, Ky	Same	Same	Same	Same		Dunn & Backer, 110y, 1nd.	Уаше	Globe Fertilizer Co., Louis-ville, Ky		эаше
4242	4243	4244	4245	4247	4248	4249	4263	4264	4265	4266	4267	4268	0000	1089	4183	4184	4100

TABLE II.—Complete Fertilizers, Superphosphates, Etc.—Continued.

1	16	ne be	Estimated Val	30 39	25 43	26 10	21 89	21 51	26 08	28 29	23 01	20 47	28 83
		ash.	From Sulphate,	3.37	3.13	2.09	0.83	1.28	2.06	1.05	1.32		2.26
	KED.	Potash	From Muriate.					:				2.10	2.26
	POUNDS IN THE HUNDRED.	.sic	Equivalent to	3.69	2.71	2.91	2.14	0 46	2.83	2.97	2.44		2.51
	N THE		Nitrogen.	3.04	2.23	2,40	1.76	0.38	2.33	2.45	2.01		2.07
	INDS II	Acid.	Insoluble.	1.02	0.74	1.27	1.57	98.0	1.02	1.34	1.51	1.51	2.19
	POU	Phosphoric Acid.	Reverted.	1.72	1.62	1.75	2.30	2.34	1.94	2.81	1.95	4.99	2.88
		Phos	Soluble.	8.65	7.57	8.34	7.54	10.49	8.44	9.74	7.59	7.29	9.81
			NAME OF BRAND.	Kentucky Standard Tobacco Grower	Big Four Tobacco Grower	Eagle Corn and Wheat Grower	Globe Bone Dust	Bone and Potash	Globe Wheat Grower	Golden Harvest Bone Meal	SHE WA	Farmers Compound Fertilizer	Same Greer's Challenge Fertilizer
		TO Spirated A creek provided by	MANUFACTURER.	Globe Fertilizer Co., Louisville, Ky	Same	Ѕаше	Same	Same	Same	Same	Dame We set in the set	Knoxville, Tenn	Same
		er.	Station Numb	4186	4187	4188	4189	4190	4191	4192	1000	4211	4259

TABLE II.—Complete Fertilizers, Superphosphates, Etc.—Continued.

	150	149	148	147	146	145	Station Number	er.	
JUNE 1, 1898.	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	MANUFACTURER.		
	Grower		Beef Blood and Bone Fertilizer	National Tobacco Fertilizer	Capital Tobacco Fertilizer	Champion Corn Grower	NAME OF BRAND.		
	6.56		5.26	4.84	4.64	7.20	Soluble.	Phos	
H. A. M.	2.06	5.49	2.91	1.75	2.01	1.96	Reverted.	Phosphoric Acid.	POUN
	1.70	12.04	4.43	2.19	1.52	0.70	Insoluble.	Acid.	POUNDS IN THE HUNDRED.
SCOVEL PETER. CURTIS.	2.16		1.91	2.29	3.98	1.15	Nitrogen.		тик н
II, D	2.62		2.32	2.78	4.83	1.40	Equivalent to	ıia.	UNDRI
A. SCOVELL, Director. M. PETER. E. CURTIS.	2 03		2.17	1.14	3.88	2.64	From Muriate.	Potash	ζD.
				3.13	0.93		From Sulphate.	sh.	
	22 92	12 71	22 95	24 10	29 96	20 37	Estimated Va Ton.	lue p	er

4144	1	4143	4217 4142	4216		4198 4204	4197		4154	4262 4151	4261	4283		4179 4260		4178	4177
Same			Same & Company.	Same		Same	Same		Nashville, Tenn	Same	Same	Same		Same Read Fertilizer Company.		Same	[ Same
Capital Bone Potash Compound	CONTRACTOR.	Capital Dissolved S. C. Bone	Ox Special Corn Guano	Ox Alkaline Bone	Guano	Ox High Grade Dissolved Bone Ox Special Wheat and Grass	Ox Special Tobacco Guano	Potash	Singer's Tobacco Grower	Blood and Bone Fertilizer No. 1	Alkaline Bone	Same		H. S. B. Potato Grower		H S B Raw Rone and Phos	H. S. B. Acidulated Bone and
7.33	12 09	7.97	11.44	6.24	10.59	12.15	8 61	7.47	7.05	4.43	8.33	3 17	3.29	3.30	3.03	8.80	
2.31	1.99	3.36	3.47	4.39	2.93	2.42	3.49	3.25	3.43	4.52	2.71	5.30	4.60	4.22	6.43	1.86	
1.80	2.32	2.44	1.55	1.24	1,93	1.68	1.59	2.11	1.65	3.15	1.57	2.24	2.10	2.38	5.94	2.43	
			1.31		1.24		2.08	0.93	2.76	1.94		1.76	1.89	3.00	3.51	1.12	
			1.59		1.51		2.53	1.13	3.35	2.36		2.14	2.29	3.64	4.26	1.36	
1.70	:		1.69	2.27	1.59		2.52	1.13		2.75	2.47	4.47	4.04				
					:	3			2.63					2.93	0.74	2.06	
16 44	14 08	11 33	28 27	18 22	26 15	14 57	28 04	20 69	28 84	24 20	19 21	24 50	23 57	26 32	29 54	22 94	

TABLE II.—Complete Fertilizers, Superphosphates, Etc.—Continued.

4176	4175	4174	100	4173	4170 4172	4169	1100	4167	4166	Station Numb	ber.	
Same,	Same	Same	Call	Same	Same	Same	Callic	Same	North-Western Fertilizing Co., Chicago, Ill	MANUFACTURER.	A DDB Eee	
H, S. B. Prairie Phosphate	H. S. B. Ky-Ana Phosphate	H. S. B. Challenge Corn Grower	phatephate.	д <del>г</del> е	H. S. B. Bone and Potash	H, S. B, Acidulated Bone		S. B. Ky. Tobacco G	Horse Shoe Brand Tobacco Grower	NAME OF BRAND.		
3.84	5.09	3.54	8.51	12.13	8.96	7.09	6.08	3.98	3.02	Soluble.	Phos	
2.22	1.90	4.79	2.06	2.72	2,21	2.67	3.73	2.74	5.55	Reverted.	Phosphoric Acid.	POL
4.35	2.21	2.15	2.39	3.90	2.85	3.01	2.37	1.66	3,17	Insoluble.	Acid.	INDS IN
2.20	1.49	3.03	1.43		0.61	1.38	2.29	2.58	3.37	Nitrogen.		THE
2.67	1.81	3.68	1.74		0.74	1.68	2.78	3.13	4.09	Equivalent to Ammor	iia.	POUNDS IN THE HUNDRE
									:	From Muriate.	Pot	ED.
1.60   20 60		1.81			1.12		1.71	2.01	3.21	From Sulphate.	Potash.	
	10 Lange 1900	25	21	14	20	20	25	22	29	Estimated Va	1	

4228	1221	4007	4225 4226	4222	4274		4991	4203	4158	4202 4215	4201	4130	. 4129	4127	11.	4214	4141
Same	Same		Same	Same	Same	Mich	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4			Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	Cincinnati, O		
Red Line Complete Manure	ashash	phate	Acid Phosphate	Homestead Tobacco Grower	Same	Corn and	ond.	Potato and Tobacco Grower Special Tobacco and Corn	Potash	Tobacco and Potato Grower	Miami Valley Phosphate	Jewel Phosphate	Jones Reliable Phosphate	Bone and Potash	Acidulated Bone Meal	Kentucky Phosphate	J. B. Jones, Louisville, Ky. Tobacco and Potato Grower
2.26	1.77	6.22	5.69	10.25	9 15	6.69	5.09	2.74	7.04	4.27	3.07	2.62	2 88	2.44	2.80	4.71	7.71
6.86	9.28	2.58	7.50	0.09	1.29	3.66	5.97	7.39	3.05	5,60	6.70	5.71	4.35	3 91	6.46	5.24	3.13
2.62	1 68	2.33	1.61	0.18	0.72	1.29	1.92	3.58	2.52	3.22	5.17	2.58	2.83	2.84	7.01	2.93	1.94
1.26		1.80		3.40	2.33	2.54	0.95	2.55	1.18	3.88	3.44	0.90	1.50	1,50	5.09	2.68	2.83
1.26   1.53		2.19		4.13	2.83	3.08	1.15	3.07	1.43	4.71	4.18	1.09	1.82	1.82	6.18	3.25	3.44
2.08	2.91			3 98	1.94	3.29			2.37							3.61	
							2.55	3.23		7.13	3 47		2.08	4.85			7.62
20 99	19 80	19 79	13 19	31 25	25 47	27 98	23 34	29 35	22 36	38 99	33 17	16 10	19 70	22 35	34 30	29 11	36 73