

# Geological Survey of Alabama

WALTER B. JONES, STATE GEOLOGIST (ON LEAVE)

MUSEUM PAPER 16

ALABAMA MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES OF INDIAN HUMERI FROM NORTH ALABAMA<sup>1</sup>

By

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<sup>1</sup>Read before the annual meeting of the American Association of Physical Anthropologists at the American Museum of Natural History, New York City, May 2-4, 1940.

UNIVERSITY, ALABAMA

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

University, Alabama

September 26, 1940

Honorable Frank M. Dixon,  
Governor of Alabama,  
Montgomery, Alabama.

Sir:

I have the honor to transmit herewith the manuscript of a report entitled "Condyllo-Diaphysial Angles of Indian Humeri from North Alabama", by Charles E. Snow. It is requested that this be printed as Museum Paper 16 of the Geological Survey of Alabama.

Respectfully,

STEWART J. LLOYD,  
Asst. State Geologist.

Acknowledgments

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Analysis

Summary

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Wheeler

Pickwick

Gunter

Miscellany

Companies

Individuals

Wheeler

Pickwick

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## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES OF INDIAN HUMERI FROM NORTH ALABAMA

I wish to acknowledge my indebtedness to those who made possible the preparation of this paper. I am obliged to the Work Projects Administration and to Mr. David L. DeJarnette, Sponsor's representative and Curator of the Alabama Museum of Natural History, for the opportunity, facilities and assistance which have made possible the study of the material. I am also grateful to Professor William S. Webb, Archaeological Consultant for the Tennessee Valley Authority for his encouragement. I am particularly indebted to Mr. John K. Bodel, Jr., of Harvard University for his excellent spirit of cooperation in providing detailed diagrams and photographs of his apparatus which was reconstructed with slight modifications to measure the angles of the humeri of the Alabama series.

### Introduction

The Condylo-diaphysial angles of 1,026 adult humeri were determined and analysed. All available humeri from the well documented Indian burials excavated jointly by the Alabama Museum of Natural History and the Tennessee Valley Authority in co-operation with the Work Projects Administration from extensive aboriginal sites in the Tennessee Valley, were utilized. This material has been preserved, restored and measured at the W.P.A. Archaeological Laboratory in Birmingham.

There is no need to review the literature on the subject of condylo-diaphysial angles since Mr. John K. Bodel, Jr., has adequately referred to the past methods of study, as well as the results of research<sup>2</sup>. Bodel's apparatus is a device which expedites the determination of the long axis of the humeral shaft in the region of the lower extremity and permits measurements of the angle formed between this axis and the plane of the inferior surfaces of the condyles. The modified Bodel instrument is seen in Figure 1,

<sup>2</sup>John K. Bodel, Jr., "Determination of the Condylo-diaphysial Angle of the Humerus" *American Journal of Physical Anthropology*, Volume 25, Number 3, 1939, pp. 333-339.

and consists of a triangle mounted on legs, a sliding U-shaped runner, a simple caliper device, a protractor and a right angled measuring board.

The technique involved begins with the placement of each humerus, posterior surface up, upon the measurement board so that the condyles touch the vertical upright. The shaft of the bone thus will lie at an angle to the plane of the upright. Next the caliper device is applied tightly to the shaft three inches above the epicondyles. The U-shaped runner is slipped down the shaft until it rests firmly against the expanding sides of the epicondyles and at right angles to the axis of the shaft. The celluloid triangle is placed on the measuring board with the legs straddling the bone and the apex contacting the upright. The median line of the triangle is carefully placed along the axis of the shaft which is indicated by the centers of the caliper device and the U-shaped runner. The protractor is then placed with its straight edge against the upright and the angle at which the axis of the bone (indicated by the median line of the triangle) meets the upright is read to the nearest half degree. See Figure 2. The celluloid triangle with a median line bisecting the angle at the apex was used in place of Bodel's glass plate and was equipped with slightly longer supports made by fastening bolts through the celluloid plate. The technique described by Bodel was followed explicitly with the exception that in reading the angle formed between the plane of the upright against which the articular surfaces of the lower extremity of the humerus were placed and the axis of the shaft itself, the protractor was simply placed with its flat edge against the upright and the reading taken to the nearest half degree. Essentially, the original instrument has been followed and probably the difference due to technique is negligible.

#### Analysis

The total series consists of 1,026 condylo-diaphysial angles of the bones of both sexes and both sides. Several divisions were carried through separating the humeri by sexes into rights and lefts, into regional basins and racial types as well as by individual sites which go to make up the whole. Both paired and unpaired series were formed.

Fig. 1. P triangl

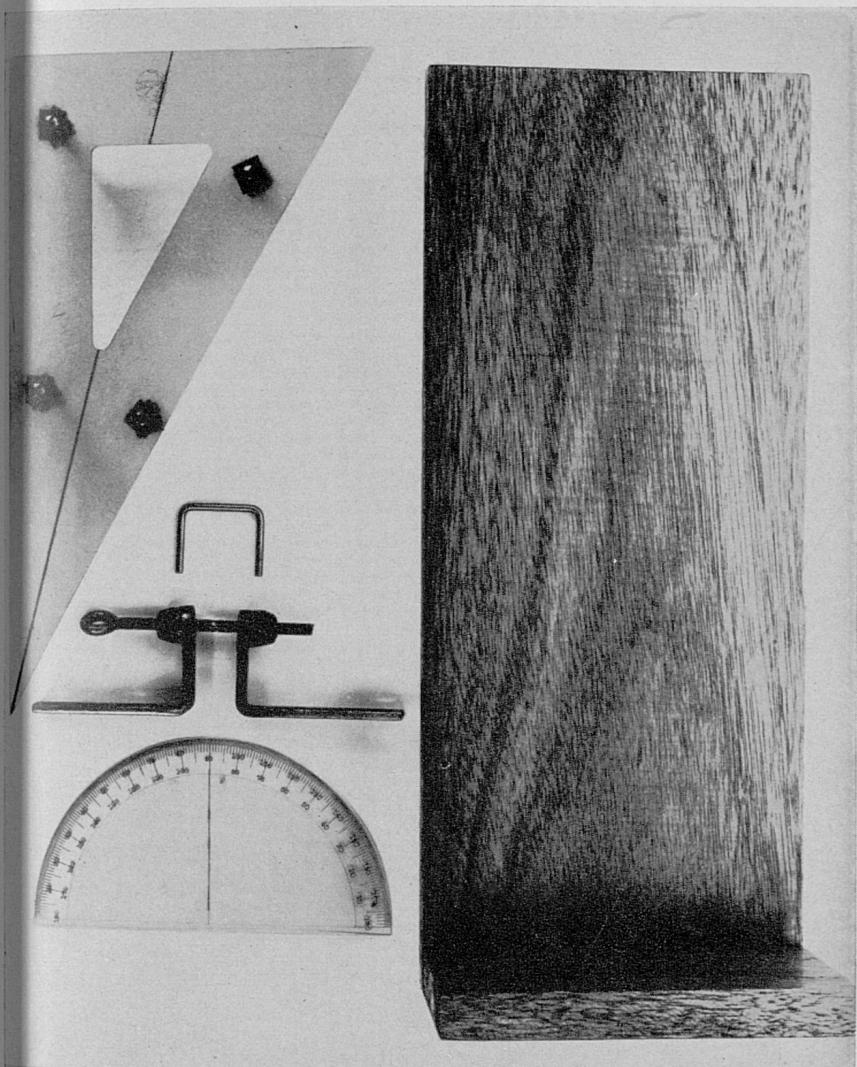


Fig. 1. Photograph of the various parts of the Bodel apparatus. The celluloid triangle on legs, the sliding U-shaped runner, the simple caliper device, a protractor and right angled measuring board.

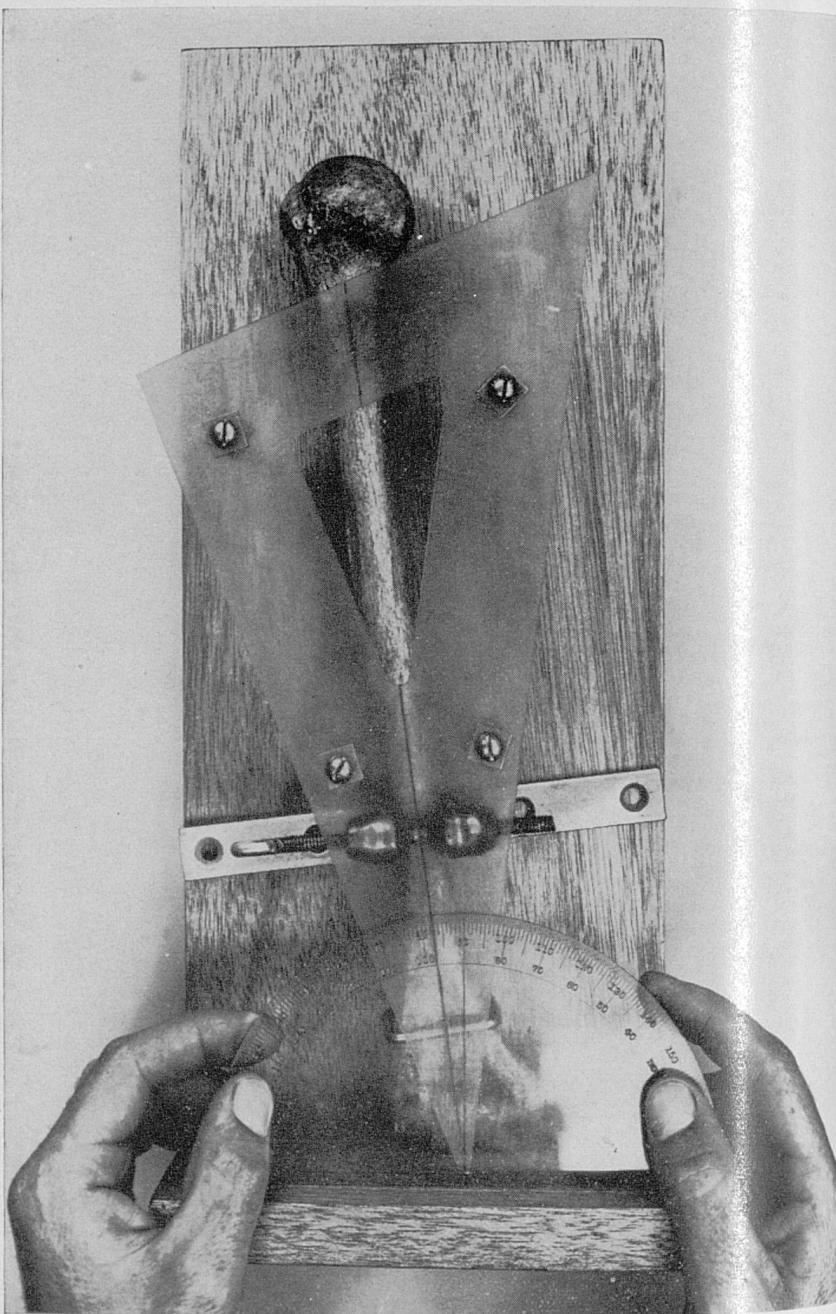


Fig. 2. Photograph showing an actual reading of the condylo-diaphysial angle of a left male humerus. The reading  $82.5^{\circ}$  approaches closely the mean of the entire series.

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The mean angle of the total series, 1,026 humeri, is  $82.1^{\circ}$ . Bodel's mean for 468 Pecos humeri is  $84.8^{\circ}$ . According to Bodel the mean of 70 Tierra del Fuego humeri is  $82.58^{\circ}$ . In the Alabama series, the average angle of the female humerus exceeds the male by  $.92^{\circ}$  in the left and  $.93^{\circ}$  in the right. There are 154 paired female and 202 paired male bones in these calculations. These averages are but slightly lower than those obtained by Bodel in the Pecos series. Using only paired bones again, the average difference between the left and right bones of both sexes (356 pairs) combined is  $1.56^{\circ}$  in favor of the left bone. In each series used to form this combination, statistically significant differences are found between the left and the right bones of both sexes. (See tables at end of paper) Bodel, however, did not find significant differences between the left and right angles of Pecos humeri.

It is important to note in this connection that these comparisons are of paired bones; that is, the left and right bones from the same individual were combined to form the series involved. In some instances only one bone was measurable, in which case it was included in the unpaired total series but excluded from the series of paired bones.

On the whole, the standard deviations, coefficients of variation and the probable errors of the means of the Alabama series are very similar in magnitude to Bodel's on the Pecos humeri<sup>3</sup>. It is to be noted that these measures of variability of the single physical type series are not appreciably lower than those of the combined series. The significance of this is not clear to us although it is conceivable that the factors of habitus, size of series, et cetera, are to be considered.

The Alabama series not only corroborates the results of Bodel's study of Pecos humeri in which the angles of the female bones are higher than those of the males, but there are consistent and significant indications in the Alabama series that the angles of the left humeri of both sexes are higher than those of the right.

<sup>3</sup>It is interesting to note in this connection that von Bonin and Morant found their Pecos Pueblo cranial series more variable than any other Indian series they examined. G. von Bonin and G. M. Morant, *Biometrika*, "Indian Races in the United States". Volume 30, 1938, p. 125.

In addition, the angles of the total Alabama series are significantly lower than the Pecos series. When the paired humeri of both sexes coming from the earlier cultural levels are compared with those from later ones, the earlier are characterized by possibly significantly smaller angles. The physical types associated with early cultural levels are distinctly different from the types associated with later horizons<sup>4</sup>. Thus it can be assumed that the differences in the humeri are perhaps racially significant. It is possible that the higher angles of the left humeri in both sexes may indicate functional differences.

The accompanying tables compare the various series from the Pecos Pueblo, the Paltacalo and the Alabama series. The size of the Alabama series provides a very adequate and representative sample of the physical types present in North Alabama.

A word might be added concerning the utility of the Bodel apparatus and technique as well as a critical appraisal of its limitations. The utilization of the distal extremity of the humerus is most commendable for archaeological material since much of it is fragmentary and often the lower end with its intact articular surfaces is the only portion of the humerus preserved. It was observed that, on the whole, the axes of the entire shafts of the Alabama humeri were approximately determined by the two caliper devices applied to the lower end of the shafts. In the case of specimens with medium to pronounced bowing of the shaft or the occurrence of pronounced lateral flare just above the lateral epicondyle accompanied by torsion there might be some question concerning the correct determination of the mid-line or axis. However, it is the writer's opinion that the Bodel technique is very satisfactory and offers a practical method of determining the condylo-diaphysial angle of the humerus.

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<sup>4</sup>"Preliminary Report on the Skeletal Material from Pickwick Basin, Alabama", by Newman, M. T. and Snow, C. E., included as a section in *An Archaeological Survey of Pickwick Basin in the Adjacent Portions of the States of Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee*. B.A.E. Bul. 129, by Webb, Wm. S. and DeJarnette, David L, in press.

### Summary

The condylo-diaphysial angles of 1,026 humeri from well documented adult Indian burials were determined for the series from North Alabama. The results corroborate the studies of Bodel which demonstrate that the angles of females are higher than the males. Data based upon paired bones only, indicate that in the Alabama series there are consistent differences between the left and right sides of both sexes, the left having higher angles. There are suggestions that the humeri of the earlier aborigines along the Tennessee River in Alabama are characterized by slightly lower angles than those of the later peoples.

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## Miscellaneous Groups

	UNPAIRED				PAIRED			
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
No. Range Mean	No. Range Mean	No. Range Mean	No. Range Mean	No. Range Mean				
<b>Wheeler Basin (Combined)</b>								
Right 24 75-84 79.6°	25 75-91 82.6°	19 75-84 79.3°	18 75-91 82.7°					
Left 22 77-87 81.6°	27 73-88 83.8°	19 77-87 81.1°	18 73-88 84.0°					
<b>Wheeler Basin—(Koger's Island)<sup>5</sup></b>								
Right 9 76-83 80.0°	5 81-91 84.8°	7 76-83 79.4°	5 81-91 84.8°					
Left 8 79-85 81.4°	8 82-88 85.2°	7 79-85 80.9°	5 85-88 86.8°					
<b>Wheeler Basin—(Shell Mound)<sup>5</sup></b>								
Right 13 75-83 79.0°	15 75-88 81.5°	11 75-81 78.7°	11 75-88 81.8°					
Left 13 77-86 81.2°	15 73-88 83.0°	11 77-86 80.7°	11 73-87 82.7°					
<b>Pickwick &amp; Wheeler Basin—(Total Koger's Island)</b>								
Right 80 72-87 81.3°	52 73-95 82.5°	61 72-87 81.0°	46 73-95 82.8°					
Left 79 75-94 83.1°	52 78-90 83.9°	61 75-94 83.1°	46 78-90 84.1°					
<b>Pickwick &amp; Wheeler Basin—(Total Shell Mound)</b>								
Right 138 72-89 80.4°	107 74-89 81.2°	102 72-89 81.5°	72 75-89 81.5°					
Left 136 74-91 82.4°	104 83.89 83.2°	102 76-89 82.2°	72 73-88 82.0°					
<b>Total Series</b>								
Right 294 71-90 80.7°	224 73-95 81.7°							
Left 284 74-94 82.7°	224 73-90 83.4°							
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>								
	1026 71-95 82.1°							

<sup>5</sup> The term Koger's Island (K. I.) has been adopted to refer to the round headed physical type associated with shell-tempered pottery on the Koger's Island site in Pickwick Basin. The site is regarded as late prehistoric. The term Shell Mound (S. M.) identifies the undeformed long headed type which is found in the earliest levels of the shell middens along the Tennessee River in North Alabama.

Lu°5—(S)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°5—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°21 (F)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°61—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°61—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°72—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°72—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°25—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°25—(C)  
Right  
Left  
Lu°25—(C)  
Right  
Left

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## PICKWICK (Sites)

## UNPAIRED

## PAIRED

FEMALES

Range Mean

75-91 82°

73-88 84.0°

81-91 84.8°

85-88 86.8°

75-88 81.8°

73-87 82.7°

73-95 82.8°

78-90 84.1°

75-89 81.3°

73-88 82.9°

## Lu°5—(S.M.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	1	78.5°	78.5°		Left	1	83.0°	83.0°		Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—
	Left	1	81.0°	81.0°															

## Lu°5—(Combined No. K.I. one unknown)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	1	78.5°	78.5°		Left	1	83.0°	83.0°		Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—
	Left	1	81.0°	81.0°															

## Lu°21 (K.I.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—		Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—
	Left	—	—	—															

## Lu°61—(Combined)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	6	75-84	80.8°		Left	7	74-82	79.9°		Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—
	Left	9	81-87	82.9°			5	81-88	84.2°										

## Lu°61—(S.M. others unknown)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	4	80-84	82.0°		Left	5	74-82	79.6°		Right	4	80-84	82.0°		Left	3	80-82	81.0°
	Left	6	81-87	82.5°			5	81-88	84.2°			4	81.82	81.8°			3	81-88	83.3°

## Lu°72—(Combined)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	7	77-84	81.3°		Left	4	80-84	81.8°		Right	—	—	—		Left	—	—	—
	Left	6	82-84	83.0°			4	81-85	82.3°										

## Lu°72—(S.M.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean
	Right	5	77-84	81.0°		Left	3	83-84	83.3°		Right	2	80-81	80.5°		Left	3	81-82	81.5°
	Left	3	83-84	83.3°			3	81-82	81.5°			3	83-84	83.3°			2	81-82	81.5°

## Lu°72—(K.I.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean	
	Right	2	81-83	82.0°		Left	2	83	83.0°		Right	2	81.83	82.0°		Left	2	83	83.0°	
	Left	2	83	83.0°																

## Lu°25—(Combined)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean	
	Right	82	72-84	80.9°		Left	84	74-94	82.8°		Right	39	76-90	81.8°		Left	41	75-90	83.5°	
	Left	84	74-94	82.8°			41	75-90	83.5°											

## Lu°25—(S.M.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean	
	Right	48	74-87	80.8°		Left	52	74-91	82.6°		Right	21	76-86	81.5°		Left	26	75-94	83.0°	
	Left	52	74-91	82.6°			26	75-89	83.0°			39	76-86	82.6°			39	76-86	80.7°	

## Lu°25—(K.I.)

	Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean		Right	No.	Range	Mean		Left	No.	Range	Mean	
	Right	29	72-86	80.6°		Left	26	75-94	83.0°		Right	16	77-90	81.6°		Left	14	81-90	84.5°	
	Left	26	75-94	83.0°			14	81-90	84.5°			21	72-86	80.4°			21	75-94	83.3°	

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## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## PICKWICK (Sites)—Continued

	<u>UNPAIRED</u>				<u>PAIRED</u>				N
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE					
	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean
<b>Luv92—(All K.I.)</b>									
Right	26	74-86	81.4°	21	73-88	82.1°	20	74-86	80.8°
Left	28	78-88	83.3°	20	78-88	83.4°	20	78-88	83.6°
<b>Lu°59 (Combined)</b>									
Right	34	75-89	81.6°	25	75-95	82.0°			
Left	31	78-92	82.8°	23	80.88	84.0°			
<b>Lu°59—(K.I.)</b>									
Right	11	75-87	82.2°	4	80-95	87.8°	8	78-87	83.0°
Left	10	80-92	83.7°	5	81-87	83.2°	8	80.84	83.4°
<b>Lu°59—(S.M.)</b>									
Right	19	77-89	81.1°	17	76-85	80.8°	11	77-89	81.6°
Left	16	78-88	82.5°	16	80-88	84.2°	11	78-88	82.7°
<b>Ct°8 (Combined)</b>									
Right	17	72-86	80.2°	24	74-88	81.3°			
Left	16	78-87	82.4°	22	79-88	82.6°			
<b>Ct°8—(K.I.)</b>									
Right	3	81-86	83.7°	5	78-84	81.0°	3	81-86	83.7°
Left	4	82-85	83.8°	5	80-85	82.8°	3	83-85	84.3°
<b>Ct°8—(S.M.)</b>									
Right	11	72-85	79.0°	14	77-86	80.9°	8	72-85	79.4°
Left	10	78-87	81.9°	12	79-87	82.1°	8	78-87	81.8°
<b>Ct°27—(S.M.)</b>									
Right	22	77-88	81.4°	17	78-86	80.9°	15	77-88	81.7°
Left	21	77-88	83.5°	14	79-89	82.6°	15	77-88	83.8°
<b>Ct°27—(K.I. 1 L. Male No. R.)</b>									
Right	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Left	1	—	84°	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Lu°67—(S.M. No. K.I.)</b>									
Right	15	75-83	79.1°	15	76-89	81.8°	11	75-83	79.2°
Left	14	76-87	80.9°	13	81-88	83.8°	11	76-85	80.6°
<b>Total Pickwick</b>									
Right	210	72-89	81.0°	154	73-95	81.6°			
Left	211	74-94	82.8°	144	75-90	83.3°			

Total Pickwick  
 Right 1  
 Left 1  
 Total Pickwick  
 Right  
 Left  
 Ms°80  
 Right  
 Left  
 Ms°91—U  
 Right  
 Left  
 Ms°91—U  
 Right  
 Left  
 Jav155  
 Right  
 Left  
 Jav155-A  
 Right  
 Left  
 Jav28  
 Right  
 Left  
 Ja°28-A  
 Right  
 Left  
 Jav27  
 Right  
 Left  
 Jav27-A  
 Right  
 Left

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

**PICKWICK (Sites)—Continued**

	UNPAIRED						PAIRED						
FEMALE	MALE			FEMALE			MALE			FEMALE			
Range Mean	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean	
<b>Total Pickwick—(S.M.)</b>													
73-88 82.0°	Right	125	72-89	80.6°	92	74-89	81.2°	91	72-89	80.7°	61	76-89	81.2°
78-88 83.4°	Left	123	74-91	82.5°	89	75-89	83.2°	91	76-89	82.5°	61	78-88	83.0°
<b>Total Pickwick—(K.I.)</b>													
	Right	71	72-87	81.6°	47	73-95	82.3°	54	72-87	81.2°	41	73-95	82.5°
	Left	71	75-94	83.3°	44	48-90	83.7°	54	75-94	83.4°	41	78-90	83.8°

### GUNTERSVILLE (Sites)

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## GUNTERSVILLE (Sites)—Continued

	<u>UNPAIRED</u>			<u>PAIRED</u>			Left Right					
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE								
No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean	No.	Range	Mean				
Jav102												
Right	8	76-86	79.6°	2	77-79	78.0°	5	76-86	79.2°	1	—	79.0°
Left	6	81-88	83.2°	1	—	83.0°	5	81-88	83.2°	1	—	83.0°

## Guntersville Sites Combined

Right	60	71-90	80.3°	45	74-93	81.7°	39	75-90	80.5°	36	74-88	81.7°
Left	51	78-88	82.5°	53	77-90	83.4°	39	78-88	82.4°	36	77-90	83.4°

Left  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
RightLeft  
Right

**CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES**  
**TABLE OF MISCELLANEOUS GROUPS**

*GRAND TOTAL*

FEMALE	Number	Range	Mean	S. D.	V.
Range Mean					
Left Right	1026	71-95	82.07±0.07	3.24±0.05	3.95±0.06

**UNPAIRED MEASUREMENTS**

*TOTAL SERIES—MALES*

Left	284	74-94	82.67±0.12	2.97±0.08	3.59±0.10
Right	294	71-90	80.72±0.12	3.14±0.09	3.89±0.11

*TOTAL SERIES—FEMALES*

Left	224	73-90	83.41±0.14	2.90±0.09	3.48±0.11
Right	224	73-95	81.74±0.15	3.32±0.11	4.06±0.13

*TOTAL KOGER'S ISLAND—MALES (Paired)*

Left	61	75-94	83.08±0.27	3.10±0.19	3.73±0.23
Right	61	72-87	80.98±0.27	3.09±0.19	3.82±0.24

*TOTAL KOGER'S ISLAND—FEMALES (Paired)*

Left	46	78-90	84.13±0.27	2.69±0.19	3.20±0.23
Right	46	73-95	82.78±0.43	4.30±0.30	5.19±0.36

*TOTAL SHELL MOUND—MALES (Paired)*

Left	102	76-89	82.25±0.20	3.04±0.14	3.70±0.17
Right	102	72-89	81.50±0.22	3.24±0.15	3.98±0.19

*TOTAL SHELL MOUND—FEMALES (Paired)*

Left	72	73-88	82.94±0.23	2.86±0.16	3.44±0.20
Right	72	75-89	81.29±0.22	2.78±0.15	3.42±0.19

*PICKWICK KOGER'S ISLAND—MALES (Paired)*

Left	54	75-94	83.37±0.28	3.08±0.20	3.69±0.24
Right	54	72-87	81.20±0.28	3.12±0.20	3.84±0.25

*PICKWICK KOGER'S ISLAND—FEMALES (Paired)*

Left	41	78-90	83.83±0.28	2.68±0.20	3.20±0.24
Right	41	73-95	82.54±0.45	4.32±0.32	5.23±0.39

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

TABLE OF MISCELLANEOUS GROUPS—Continued

	Number	Range	Mean	S. D.	V.
<i>PICKWICK SHELL MOUND—MALES</i> (Paired)					
Left	91	76-89	82.47±0.21	3.02±0.15	3.66±0.18
Right	91	72-89	80.71±0.23	3.28±0.16	4.06±0.20
<i>PICKWICK SHELL MOUND—FEMALES</i> (Paired)					
Left	61	78-88	82.98±0.22	2.48±0.15	2.99±0.18
Right	61	76-89	81.20±0.23	2.58±0.15	3.18±0.20
<i>TOTAL GUNTERSVILLE—MALES</i> (Paired)					
Left	39	78-88	82.36±0.26	2.46±0.19	2.99±0.21
Right	39	75-90	80.51±0.30	2.84±0.22	3.53±0.22
<i>TOTAL GUNTERSVILLE—FEMALES</i> (Paired)					
Left	36	77-90	83.36±0.34	3.07±0.24	3.68±0.29
Right	36	74-88	81.72±0.30	2.70±0.22	3.30±0.26

*Left*  
 Total Ala  
 Total Pa  
 Total Pec

*Right*  
 Total Ala  
 Total Pa  
 Total Pec

*Left*  
 Total Ala  
 Total Pa  
 Total Pec

*Right*  
 Total Ala  
 Total Pa  
 Total Pec

## COMPARATIVE TABLE

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## BOTH SIDES COMBINED—UNPAIRED

## MALES

		Number	Range	Mean
3.66±0.18	Total Alabama	578	71-94	81.70°
4.06±0.20	Total Paltacalco	32	78-89	83.97°
2.99±0.18	Total Pecos Pueblo	288	76-94	84.21°

## FEMALES

2.99±0.23	Total Alabama	448	73-95	82.58°
3.53±0.27	Total Paltacalco	28	79-91	85.46°
	Total Pecos Pueblo	180	80-96	85.74°

## RIGHT AND LEFT SEPARATE—UNPAIRED

## MALES

	Number	Range	Mean	S. D.	V.
<i>Left</i>					
Total Alabama	284	74-94	82.67±0.12	2.97±0.08	3.59±0.10
Total Paltacalco	17	—	84.1	—	—
Total Pecos Pueblo	144	76-94	84.57±0.17	2.96±0.12	3.50±0.14

*Right*

Total Alabama	294	71-90	80.72±0.12	3.14±0.09	3.89±0.11
Total Paltacalco	15	—	84.8	—	—
Total Pecos Pueblo	144	76-94	83.85±0.18	3.14±0.12	3.74±0.15

## FEMALES

*Left*

Total Alabama	224	73-90	83.41±0.14	2.90±0.09	3.48±0.11
Total Paltacalco	19	—	85.5	—	—
Total Pecos Pueblo	87	80-96	85.70±0.21	2.84±0.15	3.31±0.17

*Right*

Total Alabama	224	73-95	81.74±0.15	3.32±0.11	4.06±0.13
Total Paltacalco	9	—	84.8	—	—
Total Pecos Pueblo	93	80-94	85.77±0.20	2.86±0.14	3.33±0.16

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

P.E.D. Between Means of Alabama and Pecos Pueblo<sup>1</sup>

## Males

<i>Left</i>	<i>Unpaired</i>	<i>Right</i>	<i>Total</i>
Pecos Pueblo Av.	$= 84.57 \pm 0.17$	Pecos Pueblo Av.	$= 83.85 \pm 0.18$
Total Alabama Av.	$= 82.67 \pm 0.12$	Total Alabama Av.	$= 80.72 \pm 0.12$
diff.	$= \underline{1.90}$	diff.	$= \underline{3.13}$
P.E.D.	$= \underline{\underline{.2081}}$	P.E.D.	$= \underline{\underline{.2164}}$

## Females

<i>Left</i>	<i>Unpaired</i>	<i>Right</i>	<i>Total</i>
Pecos Pueblo Av.	$= 85.70 \pm 0.21$	Pecos Pueblo Av.	$= 85.77 \pm 0.20$
Total Alabama Av.	$= 83.41 \pm 0.14$	Total Alabama Av.	$= 81.74 \pm 0.15$
diff.	$= \underline{2.29}$	diff.	$= \underline{4.03}$
P.E.D.	$= \underline{\underline{.2523}}$	P.E.D.	$= \underline{\underline{.2500}}$

## P.E.D. Between Right and Left

## Unpaired

<i>Total Series—Males</i>	<i>Total Series—Females</i>	<i>Pickwick</i>
Total Alabama Av. L. $= 82.67 \pm 0.12$	Total Alabama Av. L. $= 83.41 \pm 0.14$	Total A
Total Alabama Av. R. $= 80.72 \pm 0.12$	Total Alabama Av. R. $= 81.74 \pm 0.15$	Total A
diff. $= \underline{1.95}$	diff. $= \underline{1.67}$	
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.1697}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.2052}}$	

## Paired

<i>Total Guntersville—Males</i>	<i>Total Guntersville—Females</i>	<i>Pickwick</i>
Total Alabama Av. L. $= 82.36 \pm 0.26$	Total Alabama Av. L. $= 83.36 \pm 0.34$	Total A
Total Alabama Av. R. $= 80.51 \pm 0.30$	Total Alabama Av. R. $= 81.72 \pm 0.30$	Total A
diff. $= \underline{1.85}$	diff. $= \underline{1.64}$	
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3970}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.4534}}$	

<sup>1</sup> The Standard formula P.E.M. =  $.6745 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$  has been used to determine whether or not differences between these series are significant. When the differences are more than 3x Probable Error of the Difference (3x P.E.D.) they are considered significant and are underlined above. Differences less than 3x Probable Error of the Difference (3x P.E.D.) but more than 2x Probable Error (2x P.E.D.) of the difference may possibly be significant and are indicated by broken underlines.

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## P.E.D. Between Right &amp; Left—Continued

## Paired

Total Koger Island—Males	Total Koger Island—Females
$= 83.85 \pm 0.18$	$= 84.13 \pm 0.27$
$= 80.72 \pm 0.12$	$= 82.78 \pm 0.43$
$= \underline{3.13}$	$= \underline{1.35}$
$= .2164$	$= .5077$
diff. $= \underline{\underline{2.10}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3818}}$

## Paired

Total Shell Mound—Males	Total Shell Mound—Females
$= 85.77 \pm 0.20$	$= 82.94 \pm 0.23$
$= 81.74 \pm 0.15$	$= 81.29 \pm 0.22$
$= \underline{4.03}$	$= \underline{1.65}$
$= .2500$	$= .3183$
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.2973}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3183}}$

## Paired

Pickwick K.I.—Males	Pickwick K.I.—Females
$= 83.41 \pm 0.14$	$= 83.83 \pm 0.28$
$= 81.74 \pm 0.15$	$= 82.54 \pm 0.45$
$= \underline{1.67}$	$= \underline{1.29}$
$= .2052$	$= .5300$
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3960}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.5300}}$

## Paired

Pickwick S.M.—Males	Pickwick S.M.—Females
$= 83.36 \pm 0.34$	$= 82.98 \pm 0.22$
$= 81.72 \pm 0.30$	$= 81.20 \pm 0.23$
$= \underline{1.64}$	$= \underline{1.78}$
$= .4534$	$= .3183$
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3115}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.3183}}$

## P.E.D. Between Males &amp; Females

## Unpaired

Total Serie—Males & Females—Right	Total Series—Males & Females—Left
$\text{Total Alabama Av. Fem. R.} = 81.74 \pm 0.15$	$\text{Total Alabama Av. Fem. L.} = 83.41 \pm 0.14$
$\text{Total Alabama Av. Male R.} = 80.72 \pm 0.12$	$\text{Total Alabama Av. Male L.} = 82.67 \pm 0.12$

diff. $= \underline{\underline{1.02}}$	diff. $= \underline{\underline{.74}}$
P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.1922}}$	P.E.D. $= \underline{\underline{.1843}}$

used to  
be significant.  
the Difference  
1 above. Diff.  
P.E.D.) but  
may possibly

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## P.E.D. Between Males &amp; Females—Continued

## Paired

Total Guntersville—Males &amp; Females R. Total Guntersville—Males &amp; Females L.

Total Alabama Av. Fem. R. $=81.72\pm0.30$  Total Alabama Av. Fem. L. $=83.36\pm0.34$   
Total Alabama Av. Mal. R. $=80.51\pm0.30$  Total Alabama Av. Mal. L. $=82.36\pm0.26$ diff. = 1.21  
P.E.D. = .4240diff. = 1.00  
P.E.D. = .4280

## Paired

Total K.I.—Males &amp; Females—Right Total K.I.—Males &amp; Females—Left

Total Alabama Av. Fem. R. $=82.78\pm0.43$  Total Alabama Av. Fem. L. $=84.13\pm0.27$   
Total Alabama Av. Mal. R. $=80.98\pm0.27$  Total Alabama Av. Mal. L. $=83.08\pm0.27$ diff. = 1.80  
P.E.D. = .5077diff. = 1.05  
P.E.D. = .3818

## Paired

Total S.M. Males &amp; Females—Right Total S.M. Males &amp; Females—Left

Total Alabama Av. Mal. R. $=81.50\pm0.22$  Total Alabama Av. Fem. L. $=82.94\pm0.23$   
Total Alabama Av. Fem. R. $=81.29\pm0.22$  Total Alabama Av. Mal. L. $=82.25\pm0.20$ diff. = .21  
P.E.D. = .3112diff. = .69  
P.E.D. = .3048

## Paired

Pickwick K.I. Males &amp; Females—Right Pickwick K.I. Males &amp; Females—Left

Total Alabama Av. Fem. R. $=82.54\pm0.45$  Total Alabama Av. Fem. L. $=83.83\pm0.28$   
Total Alabama Av. Males R. $=81.20\pm0.28$  Total Alabama Av. Males L. $=83.37\pm0.28$ diff. = 1.34  
P.E.D. = .5300diff. = .46  
P.E.D. = .3960

## Paired

Pickwick S.M. Males &amp; Females—Right Pickwick S.M. Males &amp; Females—Left

Total Alabama Av. Fem. R. $=81.20\pm0.23$  Total Alabama Av. Fem. L. $=82.98\pm0.22$   
Total Alabama Av. Males R. $=80.71\pm0.23$  Total Alabama Av. Males L. $=82.47\pm0.21$ diff. = .49  
P.E.D. = .3253diff. = .51  
P.E.D. = .3041

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## P.E.D. Between Shell Mound &amp; Koger's Island

*Paired*

<i>Total S.M. &amp; K.I. Males—Right</i>	<i>Total S.M. &amp; K.I. Males—Left</i>
Total Alabama S.M. Av. R.=81.50±0.22	Total Alabama K.I. Av. L.=83.08±0.27
Total Alabama K.I. Av. R.=80.98±0.27	Total Alabama S.M. Av. L.=82.25±0.20
<hr/>	<hr/>
diff. = .52	diff. = .83
P.E.D. = .3483	P.E.D. = .3360

*Paired*

<i>Total K.I. &amp; S.M. Males—Right</i>	<i>Total K.I. &amp; S.M. Females—Left</i>
Total Alabama K.I. Av. R.=82.78±0.43	Total Alabama K.I. Av. L.=84.13±0.27
Total Alabama S.M. Av. R.=81.29±0.22	Total Alabama S.M. Av. L.=82.94±0.23
<hr/>	<hr/>
diff. = 1.49	diff. = 1.19
P.E.D. = .4830	P.E.D. = .3547

*Paired*

<i>Pickwick K.I. &amp; S.M. Males—Right</i>	<i>Pickwick K.I. &amp; S.M. Males—Left</i>
Total Alabama K.I. Av. R.=81.20±0.28	Total Alabama K.I. Av. L.=83.37±0.28
Total Alabama S.M. Av. R.=80.71±0.23	Total Alabama S.M. Av. L.=82.47±0.21
<hr/>	<hr/>
diff. = .49	diff. = .90
P.E.D. = .3624	P.E.D. = .3500

*Paired*

<i>Pickwick K.I. &amp; S.M. Females—right</i>	<i>Pickwick K.I. &amp; S.M. Females—Left</i>
Total Alabama K.I. Av. R.=82.54±0.45	Total Alabama K.I. Av. L.=83.83±0.28
Total Alabama S.M. Av. R.=81.20±0.23	Total Alabama S.M. Av. L.=82.98±0.22
<hr/>	<hr/>
diff. = 1.34	diff. = .85
P.E.D. = .5054	P.E.D. = .3561

*Paired*

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## WHEELER BASIN

Ma°48

No.	Males		Females		No.	
	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
142	---	85.5°	22	78.5°	—	135
103	80.5°	83.5	18	—	88°	105
34	81.5	86	10	82	—	97
168	81	79.5	7	80	83	55
93	83.5	—	66	76.5	78	84
96	81.5	79	87	82	—	117
24	82	—	75	—	88.5	83
21	—	86	151	83	85.5	78
58	81	80	2	75	73.5	88
113	77.5	80.5	3	85	86	72
110	82	—	129	84	87	86
127	78	—	132	91	88	4
97	75.5	80	73	88	87	22
164	77	83	68	—	79	80
45	77	77	67	81	87	Females
130	78	79	124	—	82.5	
95	—	82	125	87.5	—	111
145	80	81	102	—	84	54
41	83	85	163	—	85	2
14	78.5	81.5	99	—	82	51
121	80	84	35	83.5	84	136
165	81	79	36	86	87	69
74	80	—	59	81	78.5	137
137	84	87.5	94	82.5	—	118
53	80	82	40	83.5	86	77
43	76.5	79.5	61	—	81	21
26	76	77	119	84	—	Males
			120	83.5	85	
			86	80.5	—	No.
			82	83.5	86	
			148	80	83	Males
			149	86.5	87	
			128	81.5	82	No.
			140	—	82	
						63
						57
						55
						58

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

PICKWICK BASIN

 $Ct^{\circ}27$ 

## Males

Left	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left
—	135	82°	86°	9	79°	84°
—	26	(80)	84	52	—	82
88 <sup>a</sup>	105	(83)	—	11	—	82.5
—	97	82	—	114	—	84
83	55	79.5	—	45	81	—
78	84	80	81	56	77	77.5
—	117	79	84	40	84	—
88.5	83	79	82.5	99	—	88
85.5	78	87	88	75	83	82.5
73.5	88	86.5	88.5	116	88	88
86	72	82.5	—	28	—	78.5
87	86	81	—	27	82.5	84
88	4	82	84	98	—	82
87	22	82.5	83	92	82	86
79	80	77	—	25	78	80.5
87	Females					
82.5	111	81	—	57	82.5	—
—	54	—	89	107	86	—
84	2	82	—	3	80	80.5
85	51	—	85	1	80	—
82	136	78	—	23	—	84
84	69	81	79	36	80	—
87	137	80	84.5	53	83	—
78.5	118	83	84.5	33	—	83
—	77	78	81	34	79	79
86	21	81	82	49	81	82.5
81	?	—	83	113	81	82

PICKWICK BASIN

 $Lu^{\circ}67$ 

## Males

82	No.	Right	Left	82	No.	Right	Left
63	—	—	87°	88	79°	—	—
57	77°	77	79	89	77	77°	—
55	80	—	—	69	82.5	82	—
58	—	—	78	75	79	83	—

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## PICKWICK BASIN

## Lu°67—(Continued)

No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	No.
11	79°	—	76	81.5°	85°	72
18	75.5	76°	74	—	82.5	408
27	83	82	65	76	76.5	392
21	81	84	81	83.5	82.5	400
16	78	—	64	77.5	80	374
Females						
36	81	85	8	81	82.5	84
25	82.5	(80)	12	80	82	21
40	80	87	14	82.5	83.5	263
62	78.5	—	15	83	84	161
54	76.5	82	82	18	—	20
53	89	82	73	82.5	85	222
2	82	85.5	77	87	88	134
7	—	83	68	83.5	81.5	23
						25
						44
						66
						166
						242
						256

## PICKWICK BASIN

## Lu°25

Males			Females			
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
355	83.5°	89°	403	85°	82.5°	6
460	—	85	354	84	—	170
463	76	79.5	454	—	83.5	135
359	80	—	365	(80)	—	215
377	—	83	376	86	—	28
416	82	84	453	79	80	33
455	(80)	79	401	87	87.5	192
469	81.5	83	470	84.5	—	207
388	83	(80)	360	—	84.5	229
458	79	79.5	465	82	85	107
505	80	84.5	95	—	86.5	114
16	83	86.5	179	—	86.5	314
480	—	74	326	81	87	304
394	80.5	—	24	86.5	84.5	110
372	—	83.5	216	—	81.5	112
361	—	80	226	80	82	174
415	75.5	77	247	—	84	220
413	82	75.5	162	83	85	259
						115

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

PICKWICK BASIN

Lu°25—(Continued)

Left	Males			Females		
	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left
85°	408	80°	—	180	84°	83°
82.5	392	86	85°	171	—	84
76.5	400	85	—	165	81	83
82.5	374	82.5	83	55	82.5	82.5
80	72	81.5	80	59	77	—
	3	83	81.5	32	—	86
	84	81	89	141	—	80.5
82.5	21	78.5	—	31	(86.5)	85
82	263	78	—	36	81	—
83.5	161	79.5	84	277	85	86
84	20	83	—	69	86	—
—	222	—	80	183	82	—
85	134	81	84.5	75	81	80
88	23	77	—	158	79	82.5
81.5	25	78	—	239	80.5	84
	44	84.5	—	152	79	83
	66	82	—	77	81	(82)
	166	80.5	82.5	19	79	—
	242	(85)	87	198	90	90
	256	81	81	13	84	85
	147	83	—	11	79	—
	6	75.5	81	254	76	78
Left	170	—	84	163	82.5	85
82.5°	135	80	82	287	82	84
—	215	79	82	133	78	(80.5)
83.5	28	—	82	164	78	81
—	33	78	83	324	—	88
—	83	76.5	79	322	80.5	83
80	192	—	82.5	82	—	(82.5)
87.5	207	—	78	200	—	80
—	229	—	84.5	244	80	—
84.5	107	87.5	—			
85	114	80	84.5			
86.5	314	78	79			
86.5	304	80	81.5	103	84	83.5
87	110	83	(88)	27	80	81.5
84.5	112	83.5	82.5	126	—	89.5
81.5	174	79.5	84	300	(75.5)	—
82	220	85	86	342	82	84.5
84	259	—	83	270	—	75
85	115	83.5	84.5	100	83.5	84.5

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

PICKWICK BASIN

Lu°25—(Continued)

No.	Males		Females		No.	
	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
283	77.5°	79°				127
57	83	87				125
93	(83)	85.5				111
320	—	91				92
223	82.5	80.5				
206	79	84				
278	81	83				
178	81.5	94				
310	77	79				
327	82.5	—				
51A	—	80				21
50	84.5	89.5				15
305	74.5	76				14
39	86	83				18
335A	84.5	84.5				13
335B	83	85				9
48	84	—				6
54	80.5	84.5				3
131	79	78.5				
302	78	81				
343	79	82				
348	84.5	—				
38	78.5	—				
14	87	—				20
25	81	82.5				3
47	72	75				4
169	80	86				5
62	—	82.5				2
130	84.5	84.5				30
175	83.5	85				39
52	80	85.5				29
76	83.5	82.5				55
315	77.5	80				
341	(84)	85				
340	79	84.5				
312	83	86				
347	82.5	87.5				
219	86	88				
86	—	84				
122	85.5	82.5				
296	85.5	86.5				

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

PICKWICK BASIN

Lu°25—(Continued)

Left

	Males	
No.	Right	Left
127	---	84.5°
125	---	83
111	85°	85
92	78.5	82

Lu°72

	Males		Females	
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
21	77.5°	83°	8	80°
15	81.5	—	7	81
14	—	82.5	19	82
18	84	—	2	84
13	81.5	84.5		
9	82	83.5		
6	81	83		
3	83	83		

Lu°61

	Males		Females	
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
20	80°	82.5°	27	81°
3	82	82	57	82.5
4	—	87.5	58	74
5	84	81.5	60	(82)
2	82	82		—
30	—	85.5	8	—
39	75	82	7	82.5
29	82.5	84.5	16	80
55	—	81	51	79
			54	81

Lu°21

	Males		Females	
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
—	—	—	13	80°

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## PICKWICK BASIN

**Lu°5**

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
4	78.5°	—	1	—	81°	35
7	—	81°	3	83°	—	60
—	—	—	5	—	79.5	66
						13
						95
						59
Ct°8			Females			32
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
74	86°	85.5°	134	78.5°	82°	95
12	84	83	135	84	82.5	41
14	81	85	93	82	—	34
			136	80.5	85	39
9	—	85	35	81.5	85.5	31
			34	—	80	36
24	78	81	1	80.5	81	17
57	78	80	23	83	82	5
59	85.5	84.5	27	—	79.5	54
73	74	—	36	83	—	90
75	—	80	45	85	85	21
81	72	78.5	58	78	80.5	23
95	83.5	82	78	83	83.5	38
121	80.5	83	66	78	82	4
153	78	79	67	78	79.5	93
110	78.5	—	76	88	88.5	22
79	86.5	85	100	80	86	15
137	—	82.5	112	—	86.5	70
6	82	87	123	—	84.5	94
117	82	—	128	81	—	11
157	80	—				79
158	77	80	82	83	—	74
			150	85	87	40
			152	74	79	6
			71	—	80	61
			120	82	—	20
			133	82	—	92
			163	77	82	
			131	80	81.5	
			156	86	—	

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

PICKWICK BASIN

Luv92

	Males		Females			
Left	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left
81°	35	79.5°	83.5°	67	78.5°	78°
—	60	—	79	65	82	79.5
79.5	66	86.5	—	45	79.5	82.5
—	13	79.5	81	25	85	85
—	95	—	84	47	88	88.5
—	59	—	84.5	91	76	80
Left	32	—	80.5	16	85	86.5
—	95	—	84	33	73	79
82°	41	85	86	30	84	84.5
82.5	34	82	—	78	80	85.5
—	39	80	84	24	78	82
85	31	—	85	46	87	87.5
85.5	36	82	82	53	(79)	—
80	17	83	—	14	84	—
81	5	78	78	87	82.5	82
82	54	75.5	83.5	26	85.5	86.5
79.5	90	74.5	80	89	83	83
—	21	84.5	85	57	87.5	87.5
85	23	86	87	81	79	82
80.5	38	86	—	101	82	81
83.5	4	79	—	83	83.5	85
82	93	81.5	86.5	42	(80.5)	(87)
79.5	22	83	84	72	84	88
88.5	15	80.5	85			
86	70	81.5	82			
86.5	94	—	83.5			
84.5	11	80.5	79			
—	79	—	80			
—	74	81	88			
—	40	83	—			
87	6	80	82.5			
79	61	82	86			
80	20	86	88.5			
—	92	80	84			
—	82					
—	81.5					

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## PICKWICK BASIN

Lu°59

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
47	84°	83°	124	78.5°	81°	23
105	80	82	159	84	83	208
107	78.5	78.5	173	—	81.5	200
133	87	—	2	94.5	87	195
141	79	83	16	82	86	194
150	81	—	18	95.5	84.5	
4	—	92	22	82.5	83.5	
27	84.5	83	81	80	81	
30	81.5	80.5	190	83	84.5	
41	89	86.5	164	—	83.5	
54	84	81.5	151	—	83	
66	82	82	121	82	84	
75	81	83.5	113	83	84	
78	—	83.5	109	76	82.5	
85	86.5	84	59	84	85	No.
86	87	83	80	79	84	8
198	87	88.5	49	85.5	88	6
179	82	85	43	81.5	—	7
155	80	—	154	84	85	14
144	—	84	145	—	84.5	17
153	78.5	—	139	84.5	87	18
192	79.5	—	99	79	—	21
127	75	—	61	82	86	22
120	78.5	84.5	92	77.5	—	24
119	80	83	Misc.	82	—	25
77	—	81.5	Misc.	75.5	—	26
185	84	—	45	83.5	88	31
91	—	86	35	78	80	34
60	81	81	6	77	—	36
69	77.5	84.5	—	—	—	42
70	81.5	—	—	—	—	44
15	89	88.5	—	—	—	46
42	81	—	—	—	—	
51	—	81	—	—	—	
65	—	79.5	—	—	—	
Misc.	—	80	—	—	—	No.
Misc.	—	82.5	—	—	—	68
Misc.	85.5	—	—	—	—	62
28	78.5	—	—	—	—	

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

*PICKWICK BASIN*

Lu°59—(Continued)

Left	Males		Females	
	No.	Right	No.	Right
81°	23	77.5°	—	
83	208	—	83	
81.5	200	79	81	
87	195	81	—	
86	194	79	78.5	
84.5				
83.5				
81				
84.5				
83.5				
83				
84				

*GUNTERSVILLE BASIN*

Jav155

84	Males		Females	
	No.	Right	No.	Right
82.5	85	80°	82.5°	5
85	8	80°	82.5°	—
88	6	—	86	—
—	7	79.5	85.5	12
85	14	84.5	88.5	15
84.5	17	79.5	80	19
87	18	90	87	28
—	21	81	—	82°
86	22	81	83	29
—	24	80	80.5	88
—	25	80.5	83	89
—	26	80	84	—
88	31	—	83	33
80	34	79	84	81
—	36	84.5	—	83
—	42	78.5	78	—
—	44	86.5	—	—
—	46	81.5	83	—

Jav28

No.	Males		Females	
	Right	Left	No.	Right
68	—	83°	37	84°
62	80°	—	33	83

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

## GUNTERSVILLE BASIN

## Jav28—(Continued)

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
64	71.5°	—	40	81.5°	79°	
11	81	—	39	82	80	21
16	78	81°	73	74.5	77	22
18	82	84	65	80	86	25
58	76	—	70	—	86.5	
54	80.5	83.5	47	81.5	—	
55	81.5	—	48	81	81	
59	84	—	46	74	79	
60	—	78.5	56	84.5	82.5	
			7	82.5	84	2
			17	93	—	
			19	81	83	

## Jav27

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
6	82.5°	86.5°				11
11	83					20
12	78					33
						34
						38
						42
						52

## Ja°28-A

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
3	78.5°	81.5°	9	84°	84°	
14	81.5	82.5	11	81	—	
—	—	—	13	81	82	

## Jav155A

1	82	84.5	12
			13

## Ja°102

Males			Females			No.
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left	
2	79.5°	—	13	77°	—	51
5	76	82°	18	79	83°	75
6	84.5	—				76
8	80.5	82				97
11	—	83				115
17	86	88.5				52

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

GUNTERSVILLE BASIN

Ja°102—(Continued)

Left	Males		
	No.	Right	Left
79°	21	76°	81°
80	22	78.5	83
77	25	78	—
86			
86.5			

Ja°27A

81	Males		Females		
	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
79	2	74°	—		
82.5					
84					
—					

Ms°91 Unit I

Left	Males		Females		
	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
11	83°	87.5°	7	81°	80.5°
20	82.5	—	8	82	83
33	80	81	9	81	85
34	82	80.5	24	86	90
38	79	—	27	83	90.5
42	—	81	44	84	88
52	84.5	84.5	48	—	85
			47	—	86

Ms°91 Unit 2

Left	Males		Females		
	No.	Right	Left	No.	Right
12	80°	79.5°	3	78°	82°
13	80	81	7	77	—
24	—	83.5	14	82	83
31	83	81.5	17	82	81.5
51	75	78	18	—	83
75	83	84.5	74	83	86.5
76	—	82.5	107	—	82.5
97	—	81.5	114	—	79
115	77	81.5	138	—	80
52	84	84	154	83.5	86

## CONDYLO-DIAPHYSIAL ANGLES

*GUNTERSVILLE BASIN***Ms°80**

Males			Females		
No.	Right	Left	No.	Right	Left
6	79.5°	—	38	82.5°	85.5°
9	80	83°	20?	—	87.5
11	82	82	11?	83	—
10	80	—	15	—	87.5
44	77.5	82	25	83.5	86
57	78	—	28	83.5	82
51	—	80	40	—	81
62	81	81	41	83.5	82.5
49	81	84	54	—	82
80	82.5	—	55	83	84
26	(80)	84.5	36	83.5	85
37	—	83	7	—	84.5
			23	77	78
			38	82.5	85.5
			58	—	83

Left

85.5°  
87.5

—  
87.5  
86  
82  
81  
82.5  
82  
84  
85  
84.5  
78  
85.5  
83



SCALE MODEL OF THE BESSEMER SITE  
Location of the mounds in relation to the surrounding terrain at time of excavation.

PreI

Exca