

erning board was a Board of Curators. Ev-
arship from the early days. Its first gov-
ery student was required to be morally fit
inside and outside of the university and was
compelled to attend Sunday school and
church regularly.

The present University of Kentucky's first
name was Agricultural & Mechanical Col-
lege. In 1878 the name was changed to
State College by which name it was known
until 1908, when it was changed to "State
University." In 1916 the name "University
of Kentucky" was substituted.

CONSOLIDATION OCCURS

In the year 1866 the Agricultural & Me-
chanical College consolidated with Transyl-
vania University and remained so associated
until the year 1878. From 1867 to 1868 Jo-
seph Deshea Pickett was president of the
institution. James Kenneth Patterson, fre-
quently referred to as "the grand old man,"
came next and served as president until
1908. Henry S. Barker was the next pres-
ident. Dr. Paul P. Boyd acted as president
in the years 1916-17 and the present pres-
ident, Dr. Frank LeRond McVey, took up
the reins of the institution in the year 1917.
The years from 1878 to 1884 saw a building
boom on the campus of the present univer-
sity. The Administration building, White
Hall (then a dormitory), ex-President Pat-
terson's home and the commandant's home
were constructed. In the year 1889 the Ex-
periment Station building (now the old
Chemistry building) was built and the sec-
ond dormitory (Neville Hall) was finished
in 1890. In 1892 the Mechanical building
and work-shops were completed; in 1898
the Natural Science building was construct-
ed. Patterson Hall, at a cost of \$60,000,
was completed in 1904; in 1907 the Educa-
tional building was built; in 1908 the Car-
negie Library and the Agricultural building