12. Chaspect Place Long Titton, Kingston on Thames. March 2/01, 1876. Dear Mh. Tinsley. In the note withen gesterday morning, as a presention gainst the probable contingency of not seeing you, I took oredit for some knowledge of secret societies other than that which I have derived from Leading Thirty years ago, and antil a few years later, I was a member of the Apsociation of Fraternal Democrato, meeting at the White Hart, in Duny Lane, and compased chiefly of foreign refugees, mostly French, Jermans, and Poles, with a sprinteling of other nations and a contingent of natives (Charlists). With some

of these I was asynainted, namely, Julian Harney Ceditor of the Northern Far), the late Einest Jones, Edmund Itallwood (separter of the Har), and Samuel Rydd, then, I think, on the staff of the Jaily News. Harney and Rop, of Hammersmitt, were my sponsors. Most of the foreigners were members of secret societies in France and Germany; Michelot, the secretary of the French section, for instance, had been an active member of the Families. Harney was secretary of the inflish sections, and was intimate with Michelst and Oboski, Carl Schapper, and other platters of revolution. I was also intimate as that time with foodryn Barmly, founder of the Communist Much, and editor of the Communist Phronicle, who was in correspondence with the leading Communists who had organised secret vocieties in France, Jermany, and Furtzerland,

and asynainted with Whelm Mithis anthor of The Jospel of the Don Simes, and founder of the Twips societies, we was then in London. Mr. Heckshow had no personal asquaintance with the subject, his book being partly a translation of an Italian work, and partly a compilation from other sources, the matter not in the Italian work being interpolated in the translation. There is no other work of the kind, though there have been several dealing with particular orciches; and even these are now out of print, or have never been translated.

I am, dear on, yours very truly, Thomas Frost. Mansh. 1821 -

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12. Thospect Clase Long Piton, Ringston on Frames. March 2/04 1876. Sear Mr. Joins ey. in the note wither gesterday morain, as a fire renting a garrish the provider contringency of not seeing you I took creatit for some knowledge of seast write. other than that which I have de int from leadings Fruity years ago, and antil a her years leter I was a member of the offsociation of Frakemal Cemorrats, meeting at the Mais Hart, in Dung Time and compased chiefly of foreign refugees, mostly Trench, formans, and Poles, with a sprinting of other nations and a contingent of natives (Charlisty). I it's some

Thomas Frost. Author 1821 – Eddir q'the Magazine q'art Hone, Wimam, none, a political pamphleteer and compiler of popular antiquities, began life in an attorney's office, at first in London, and subsequently at Chatham. In 1800 he established himself as a bookseller in Lambeth Walk, from which he removed to St. Martin's Churchyard, close to the present Charing Cross. In 1806 he commenced his singular literary career by issuing an edition of Shaw's "Gardener." An attempt at establishing a savings bank, as well as a new publishing speculation, followed, both being failures. In 1811 he was appointed by the booksellers their "trade auctioneer," and a short time before had been engaged in the compilation of the index to Froise

sart. But he was quite unfitted for business, and while engaged in the above post he was occupied in investigating the abuses in lunatic asylums; he was soon a bankrupt for the second time. His family now consisted of seven children, and he gained a livelihood by writing for the "Critical Review" and the "British Lady's Magazine." He next opened a bookseller's shop in Fleet Street, but his ill-fortune still continued: it was twice plundered. In 1815 he was the publisher of the "Traveller" newspaper, and soon after began to publish those bold political pamphlets and satires which made him universally known, and led to his being tried for three days in the Court of King's Bench. He was acquitted, however, and a large sum of money was collected by subscription for him, with which he established himself one more in business, and once more failed. From this time he was occupied in the compila. tion and publication of those well-known books which will continue to preserve his name,