# THE KENTUCKY KERNEL

The South's Outstanding College Daily

Tuesday Evening, March 21, 1967

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, LEXINGTON

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### Rand Man Says Control Of Weapons Is Possible

By LEE BECKER Kernel Staff Writer The likelihood and dangers of nuclear proliferation are far less than we are led to believe, Dr. James R. Schlesinger said last night.

"What other countries can acquire if they go nuclear is so limited that if we stress their limited capabilities to go nuclear we can probably control their appetites," he said.

Dr. Schlesinger, a senior staff member of the Rand Corporation and the Rand Strategic Study Group, spoke to a group from the Patterson School of Diplo-macy and International Com-

In most cases, he said, a country does not seek nuclear weapons solely for the effectiveness of the weapon militarily, but for the prestige it carries.

"Considerable prestige an be extracted from the possession of only a few nuclear weapons," he said.

As has been the case with Britain, France, and now China,

this prestige does not carry with it political success, however. Despite this, political prestige will continue to be a factor, he

Few nations are likely to desire nuclear weapons for prestige alone, however, and they are persuaded by other factors.

Dr. Schlesinger placed the military objectives in three

groups.

The first group is anti-Soviet and is made up of countries such as West Germany, Italy, Sweden, and Switzerland.

The system desired by this group is the most expensive, costing \$4 to \$5 billion annually at the minimum.

This group is probably the most important to the United





## Cook, Snyder File For Top SG Spot

Kernel Managing Editor
Competition for the Student Government presidency opened Monday as two current SG representatives ann

dacy.

The opponents, the first to The opponents, the first to announce for the April 6 election, were Steve Cook and Sheryl Snyder. Both announcements merely confirmed speculation prevalent in SG since the beginning of the year

ning of the year.
Cook, a political science senior, will run with Rafael Vallebona, a junior international economics major; Snyder's running mate is Kendall Threlkeld, an English major. Both are current SG representatives.

Campaign platforms of the wo presidential candidates were drawn up with an apparent ear to current discussion of campus representation in SG. Both platforms approve new organization, , and number of members in the SG assembly

Both platforms promise an inboth piatforms promise an investigation of parking facilities for students. Snyder's platform includes proposals to end towing away student's cars, construction of "long promised University parking towers, and more parking spaces for sorority row."

ing spaces for sorority row."

Both candidates promise a re-

view of current SG programs for continuation next year.

Cook promises continuation

of such specific programs as the Impact and Student Forums, the student directory, the academic review board, the traffic appeals board, the teacher evaluation program, library service review, and the committee of 240.

In addition, he promised to reinstate former SG programs, including the summer employment service, summer student recreation programs, and faculty-student roundtables.

Snyder promised to "improve" the Impact forum, teacher evaluation, contemporary issues forum. the student directory, and efforts to obtain a non-profit bookstore.

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#### APPLY NOW!

## Hershey Gives In To Johnson's Idea **On Draft Lottery**

By NEIL SHEEHAN

\*\*WASHINGTON—Lt. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, the director of Selective Service, said Monday that he now supports the creation of a draft lottery, after deriding the concept for years, because President Johnson had overruled his objections.

In testimony before the Senate Subcommittee on Employment, Manpower, and Poverty General Hershey used a football analogy to describe his reluctant capitulation to higher authority.

General Hershey said that part of the new draft system the subcommittee, under the outled be implemented "today"

The subcommittee, under the temporary chairmanship of Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D-Mass., opened hearings on the draft

opened hearings on the draft yesterday.
"I am an operator," the 73-year-old general said, "I've never played in the backfield much. I wasn't too good on the line. But when the quarterback calls the signals that is the way I play them. I wouldn't be an operator very long if I only did what I liked."

In his special draft message.

In his special draft message to Congress March 6, Mr. Johnto Congress March 6, Mr. John-son announced that by Jan. 1, 1969 he intended to order the drafting of the youngest men, the 19-year-olds, first and that qualified youths would be se-lected through a lottery system. Under the current draft process eligible men are surposed for eligible men are summoned for duty by birth date with the old-

est going first.

General Hershey said he now ceneral Hersney said he now felt that this new system should be implemented "with the great-est rapidity" and that he did not believe "it will take very long to do it when we decide to do

He said one possible lottery system would be to scramble the days of the year and then take all eligible men whose birth-days fell on dates randomly drawn from the pool.

President Johnson has ordered Hershey and Secretary of Defense Robert S. McNamara to decide

General Hershey said that part of the new draft system could be implemented "today" by beginning the induction of 19-year-olds under the current birth date selection process. The lottery could then be implemented later on, he said, when it is decided exactly who will be subjected to it.

One major consideration in this respect, he said, was whether undergraduate college defer-ments were to be continued. Presments were to be continued. President Johnson announced his intention to end graduate school deferments, except for medical and dental students, but called for more debate on the undergraduate deferment issue.

Assistant Secretary of Defense Thomas D. Morris said Monday he believed a "transition year" was necessary before the new system could be put into full effect. During this transition year, Mr. Morris proposed, "all eligible men in class 1-A above age 19 would be placed in the random selection pool and have equal exposure to selection." Mr. Morris testified after General Hershey.

### Agreement On Merger Is Reached

The Lexington City and Fayette County Boards of Education agreed last night to merge the two school systems before Oct. 15, 1968.

If the merger is not accomplished by Oct. 15, 1968, yesterday's agreement will be void.

The chief obstacle to merger is the problem of equalizing the two district's tax rates.

The tax differential between the two systems, according to the contract, will be 5.6 cents per \$100 assessed valuation for per \$100 assessed valuation for the 1967-68 school year. This allows for a city rate of 73.2 cents per \$100 property assess-ment, all general fund taxes, and a county tax rate of 78.8 per \$100, a figure that includes 54.3 general fund and 24.5 cents special voted taxes.

In a suit to be filed by the city district and a countersuit by the county system, the two districts will ask Fayette Circuit Court and ultimately the Court of Appeals to:

1. Determine the prevailing tax rate of the merged district.

2. Determine whether a referendum must be held among resi-dents of the city district to bring

#### Is The General Education Concept Dying? By DAVID L. AIKEN

The Collegiate Press Service
"It may be time to declare the formal general education movement dead in America, general education movement dead in America, to cease bowing to its corpse, and to pursue the spirit of board learning in fresher ways. Mechanical general education requirements have never really worked; why don't we admit it?" (From a recent speech by Louis T. Benezet, president of the Claremont Graduate School).

The question of general education is not a new one, but it has become a central issue in higher education as student pro-tests of alienation and rising dropouts rates have underlined the importance of changing American education

The idea of gen ed as presently used

#### News Analysis

began to develop around the 1920's, growing out of dissatisfaction with the purely elective system that then held sway in most

colleges.

With the strength of industrialization

With the strength on research and with the strength of industrialization lending support, emphasis on research and specialization was attractive to many, especially in the new universities patterned in the German style. No longer was college exclusively for the ministry, or even for "gentlemen" who wanted to acquire a sheen before entering business or a profession.

starts of German-style scholarship and American style "public service." By the end of the century, however, it was all over. Classicism was dead.

cism was dead.

Taking its place in most universities was the elective system, championed by the influential Charles Eliot, president of Harvard from 1869 to 1909. By the time he came to college, Eliot's theory went, the young person should be able to embark upon study which would lead to a profession.

This idea was quite popular in the last half of the 19th century and on into the 20th, but it was by no means universally accepted.

The University of Chicago's first president, William Harper, pointed out the danger of patternless skipping from course to course, and, while president of Princeton, Woodrow and, while president of Princeton, Woodrow Wilson proposed that all students should gain "a wide acquaintance with the best books that men have written jointed with a knowledge of the institutions men have made trial of in the past."

Meanwhile, at Harvard University, President Abbott Lowell was replacing his predecessor's elective system with a pattern of concentration and distribution, limiting students' freedom to choose any course.

students' freedom to choose any course. Other colleges in the '20's' and '30's were devising much more enterprising schemes

For a while, a battle was waged between to avoid the disunity which characterized the classical academies and the new upmany students curricula.

many students' curricula.

The distributing system, which requires some number of courses from each of several fields or groups, is still widely used. Often called the "Chinese menu" plan ("Take one from corumn A, two from corumn B, and everybody get egg loll"), it is not usually considered respectable by those who champion the "true" gen ed pattern.

One alternative is the "survey" course.

One alternative is the "survey" course, which attempts to sample material from each of several related disciplines. An ameach of several related disciplines. An ambitious offering of the survey type was an elective at the University of Chicago called "The Nature of the World and of Man." Chicago sought to summarize basic facts from astronomy, geology, physics, chemistry, physical anthropology, and several other feelds.

Survey courses were not universally ac-claimed. Alexander Meiklejohn, president of Amherst until 1924, later the father of the University of Wisconsin's famous Ex-perimental College, commented that survey courses "in themselves have no dominating unity. Against the survey course, which lists unity. Against the survey course which lists, describes, and classifies a group of studies, I would suggest the analytic course which finds a method of thought and gives a student practice in it.

Continued on Page 7

Continued on Page 3

#### UK's Best-Dressed Coed Displays Fashion Sense

By OSSILYN ELLIS Kernel Staff Writer

The AWS selection of Suzanne Huffines as best-dressed girl on campus has placed her in the competition for one of the ten best-dressed college girls in the nation.

representing the various women's housing units on campus.

The contest searching for the 10 best-dressed coeds in the nation has been sponsored annually for the past 10 years by Glamour magazine.

A perky, petite brunette, Suzanne is recognized around campus as a member of the cheerleading squad.

According to Kathleen John-

According to Kathleen Johnson, Editor in Chief of Glamour, the reason for Glamour's interest in finding these women is a matter of importance to the

We hope to make known our sincere interest in young college women by showing them how to enjoy their looks without being

Representing Kappa Alpha
Theta Sorority, the junior speech
therapy major won first place incompetition with 21 otherwomen
representing the various women's
housing units on campus.

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What are Suzanne's ideas on being well groomed? "As far as clothes are concerned, she said, people should wear what looks people should wear what looks nicest on them—what goes well with their particular height and figure is more important than what's the fad at the present time," she explained.

"Also," she continued, "peo Auso, she continued, "peo-ple must consider the styles of their area of the country in dressing well. The style of clothes worn in Paris may not fit the occasion or the climate in Lex-ington."

ington."
What's the secret to Suzanne's success? "Well," she fashion success?





Suzanne Huffines-UK's Best-Dressed Girl

said, "my mother has always sewn for me and I've been able to have a wider selection of out-fits than if I were to buy all of my clothes

"Mother and I try to buy

a basic pattern and work from there to design something new and different," she added. "I've always liked to dress within reasonable limits of fashion, yet different," she said, "and the only way this was possible until recently was to have someone

sew for you."

What is her opinion of the new fashion craze of brightly colored fabrics and changing design

"In general," said Suzanne,
"I think being able to wear bright
outstanding clothes is something
that can boost your spirits 100

'One thing I like about these new colors is that they have personality—they are expressive and say so much when you see someone in them," she said.

'I have an apricot-colored coat for winter that's sort of a cherry spot on a drab day—it's fun to wear," she said. "Clothes can be fun to wear and they don't have to be too expensive, if you shop wisely."

Each of the ten winning coeds will appear in the August College Issue of Glamour, receive a personal gift from the editors of Glamour, and an all-expense paid visit to New York from June 5 to June 16.

The June trip will include visits to cultural centers, evening at the theater, and dinner at famous restaurants. Winners will also meet some of the top leaders in the fields of fashion and

## male students arise...



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## The University Shop



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### UK Bulletin Board

The presidents of all organizations that had a group picture taken for the Kentuckian should come to Room 210 in the Journalism Building to identify their pictures. If pictures are not identified before April 1, they will go into the book unidentified.

Dr. Kenneth Boulding of the Department of Economics, University of Michigan, will give two lectures Wednesday: The retical Biology Seminar: "T Pollution of Information" a p.m. in the Commerce Auditorium, and Seminars on Non-Vio-lence: "Peach Research as a Sci-entific Discipline" at 7:30 p.m. in Room 322 of the Commerce Building.

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#### THE KENTUCKY KERNEL

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Deadline for registration for voting in the May primary is March 25. Registration must be done in the home county and at the office of the county court clerk or the voter registration ofclerk or the voter registration of-fice. Anyone not registered at present who meets the residence requirements of Kentucky and will reach the age of 18 prior to the November election is eli-gible to register.

Jerry A. Fodor of the psy-chology department at Massachusetts Institute of Technology will speak on "Algorithms for Syntax Recognition" or "How to Understand How We Understand Sentences" at 8 p.m. Thursday, in Room 108 of the Commerce Building.

Applications are now being taken for Key's Honorary. Requirements are a 3.00 overall and sophomore standing. Send applications to Bill Moss, 410 Rose Lane, Lexington.

There will be two Folk Singers in the Student Center Grille 8 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. Tuesday.

### WBKY-FM

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TUESDAY EVENING
6:00—Evening Concert, Strauss: "Till
Eulenspiegel's Pranks"
7:00—Hall of Song: "Erich Leinsdorf"
7:30—Black Museum: Crson Wells
8:00—News
8:00—News
0:05—Masterworks, Brams: "Plano
Quartet in C minor"
11:08—Viewpoint: "Lloyd Mallan"

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON

1:00—Sign on: News, Music
2:00—Afternoon Concert, Gershwin:
5:00—Happond Today: News
5:45—Education USA

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Continued From Page 1

States at present because it in-

States at present because it in-cludes West Germany.

The U.S. has three impor-tant reasons for opposing the possession of nuclear weapons

possession of nuclear weapons in this group:

I twould be contrary to specific NATO policy.

By its very nature it would be directed at Soviet cities and this would upset the unwritten agreement between the US and the Soviet Union.

the Soviet Union.

It would lead to political

It would lead to political disunity in Europe.
The second military group is the anti-China group. It is made up of Japan, India, Australia, and others, and probably is the least problem for the US.
The third group is purely regional and is composed of such countries as Israel, the United Arab Republic, Pakistan, Indonesia, and South Africa. nesia, and South Africa.

nesia, and South Africa.

The purely regional group is important, because of the delicate balance of power between these countries, Dr. Schlesinger

An upset of this balance of power could lead to a nuclear

Dr. Schlesinger said it was encouraging to look at the demands and potentials of the coun-

The countries which, because of their technology and other factors, could most easily obtain

the strongest demands - those of the Soviet Union.

Those countries which would have the most difficulty getting the weapons, such as Israel, would have the least demanded

of them.

This situation also offers a

We cannot prevent first rate industrial powers from obtaining nuclear power," Dr. Schlesinger said.

"If we irritate the major in-dustrial powers, we may find that they will aid the weaker countries," and it is argued that we should help the strong na-tions instead tions instead.

In the past we have placed "emphasis upon components of the nuclear weapon rather than on the over all system," he said.

on the over all system, he said.
We have over-emphasized the
importance of fisionary matter
being used by the country involved and forgotten that this
is only one part of the process
of deploying a nuclear weapon.

In the U.S., scientists work
without the limitations of groups.

without the limitations of money and other things, but in other countries this is not the case, Dr. Schlesinger said.

It is hard to conceive that countries that have "trouble pro-ducing light bulbs will find it easy to produce nuclear wea-pons," he said.

The cost of the nuclear wea-pon is not the only expense,



but also the establishment of missile system to accompany

"There is an enormous gulf between crude nuclear weapons and a full fledged strategic sys-tem," he said.

In answer to a question, Dr. Schlesinger said that he did not think the US would be able to withstand the political pressures for an anti-ballistic missile

He said that these systems would underscore the positions of the "super-powers" (U.S. and the Soviet Union) and "mean that we are even more free to intervene in local nuclear wars THE KENTUCKY KERNEL, Tuesday, March 21, 1967 - 3

#### Two In Narcotics Case To Be Tried

Two former University employes, indicted on charges of un-lawful possession of narcotics are scheduled for trial in Fayette Circuit Court April 25.

Mrs. Susan Hohnke, 22 and Judge Joseph J. Bradley

Tom Piercefield, 23, are among seven persons set for trial during the April term of the criminal division of the court. The docket was set Monday by



#### President Oswald's Mother Dies In Pasadena Hospital

Mrs. Isabel Dunn Oswald, 81, mother of President John W. Osvald, died of a heart attack at 6:30 p.m. Sunday at a hospital in Pasadena, Calif.

Mrs. Oswald was the widow of Prof. Wieland L. Oswald, a botanist at the University of Minnesota from 1900 to 1917 and editor of Seed World, a magazine published in Chicago, from 1920 to 1941. He died in 1944.

A native of Minnesota, Mrs. Oswald was graduated in 1906

from the University of Minnesota.

Survivors, in addition to President Oswald, include two daughters, Mrs. Gordon Foster and Mrs.

Richard Koenig, both of Pas-adena, and five grandchildren. Funeral services will be at Forest Lawn Cemetery, Glen-dale, Calif.

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#### Lexington Schools Agree On Merger

Continued From Page 1

the city school levy up to the level of the county school tax. The referendum, if ordered by the courts, would in effect be asking city voters to approve special voted taxes in

special voted taxes in the equivalent of those previously voted by county residents.

The size of the board of education is, by law, limited to five members. The problem arose, then, of how the 10 duly elected

members of both boards would fulfill the terms of their office. It was resolved this way:

The entire county will be redistricted into five sections to include residents of the city school district. This will be done as quickly as possible to allow city school voters to participate in the next school board election.

If a vacancy occurs among

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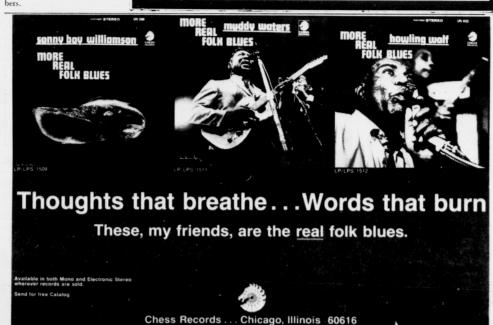
Tuesday, March 21 7:30 p.m.

Admission-50c

the city board members, either by death or resignation, the po-sition will not be refilled.

By December 1968, all city

members will have rotated off, and the board, representative of the whole county, will be down to the required five mem-



### THE KENTUCKY KERNEL

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Editorials represent the opinions of the Editors, not of the University.

WALTER M. GRANT, Editor-In-Chief

STEVE ROCCO, Editorial Page Editor

WILLIAM KNAPP, Business Manager

### Improper Perspective

The resignation Sunday of three Illinois University coaches involved in a \$21,000 athletic slush fund is a good example of the tail wagging the dog. It is a sad day when an athletic conference-in this instance the Big Ten-can tell university administration whether to fire or retain the services of certain members of its faculty.

The "scandal" began in December when Dr. David D. Henry, UI president, blew the whistle on his own school, after being informed of the slush fund for aid to athletes. This information came to Henry through Mell Brewer, an assistant athletic director, who was passed over for the job of athletic director.

Henry told conference officials that two separate funds had been maintained since 1962 and 1964 by off-campus backers of the athletic program, and that aid had been dispensed from the funds to athletes who asked for financial help. It was also disclosed that the three coaches were aware of the aid

Conference Commissioner Bill Reed then announced that Big Ten athletic directors (with Illinois not voting) "have concluded that football coach Pete Elliott, basketball coach Harry Combes and assistant basketball coach Howard Braun of the University of Illinois have been in violation of certain conference rules relating to financial assistance to athletes and uses of funds in the recruiting of athletes.'

The Big Ten then gave UI an either-or choice: either fire the three coaches or face indefinite suspension in the Big Ten conference. "If the university should retain their services, then the university must show cause to faculty members why the university should not be suspended from the Big "Reed said.

The athletic directors could have voted for the outright firing of the coaches, instead of invoking the either-or clause.

The irony of the situation is the fact President Henry fought to retain the services of the three coaches, and his action was sup-

#### THE GREAT WALL

Perhaps not to be outdone by Peking, the University has constructed its great wall, sweeping above Botanical Gardens, around the Administration Building and on past the main campus walkway.

We wonder whether this is an invitation to begin wall newspapers on this campus or whether the great slab of wood is one of the new bulletin boards that was promised for the campus two years ago.

At any rate, not every campus has one.

ported by the university's board of trustees. Ray Page, state superintendent of public instruction and an ex-officio board member, noted, "The penalty (for the coaches) is too great. The university was in error, but the penalty is unrealistic.

We would think the role of the conference should be to see that its member schools uphold the established rules, and to suspend schools which violate these rules. But, in this case, the conference apparently wanted to go a step further and influence the personnel in the Illinois athletic department. We are not supporting the coaches who violated the rules. We are merely saying that the university should have been able to determine the future of these coaches at UI. If the university had retained the coaches and the slush fund had continued, the conference then should have dropped the university from its list of mem-

But when the Big Ten issued its mandate, the three coaches resigned, perhaps in a heroic gesture, to keep UI in the Big Ten confer-



ence. But their resignation came, according to President Henry, before any action by the board of directors of the athletic association or the Faculty Senate Committee on Athletes, both of whom were scheduled to meet later Sunday afternoon with Henry for additional consultation on the matter.

It is pathetic when an athletic conference can supercede the actions of the official university governing bodies and have fired three members of that university's coaching staff. This is but another indication of the ridiculous position big-time athletics often takes within the university framework.

When the tail wags the dog, it is obvious the dog is not in full control of its faculties.

Until the public becomes more aware of the incompatibility of big-time athletics and the university's attempts to provide an academic climate for scholars, it is unlikely that such situations will improve.



"Let The Chips Fall Where They May Expose ALL The Congressmen In Bimini"

#### Letters To The Editor

#### 'Almighty Kernel' Strikes Again

To the Editor of the Kernel:

editorial by a member of the Kernel staff which nauseated me with its all-knowing, pompous, conceited tone of infallability. A choice example was the recent unmerited. biting sarcastic tirade that the associate editor directed to the discredit of Joseph Petro's artistic ability. Those who believed this article could only feel sorry for poor Mr. Petro. The "Almighty Kernel" had struck again and Mr. Petro would do well to drop his brushes and crawl into a hole.

Some may even have been dissuaded from visiting this worthwhile exhibit. I rest assured, however, that many of those who have might have pleased our associate seen Mr. Petro's work concur with me in the hope that he will continue to use his talent to paint reality as reality, a form of art that we mere mortals enjoy.

be "pictorially honest," and yet they are revered by an age which has fostered a current crop of artists for whom reality is not enough. These modern artists paint for themselves for a group of advocates which most certainly constitutes the minority of our pop-

The ridiculous facet presents itself only, when some, like the associate editor, are minded enough to think that art is only what is art to them. They choose to ridicule artists like Mr. Petro who paint for the enjoyment of the miltitude of us so impoverished of perception as to need for our understanding art which to your staff members. resembles its subject.

The associate editor accuses Mr. Petro of offering nothing that Eastman Kodak couldn't have done better. Eastman Kodak probably

could satisfy him, too, by twisting Far too often have I read an the lens out of focus and interposing a warped piece of bottle glass between the lens and the subject, thereby providing the distortion "vital" to art. If he thinks art has not been represented in a multitude of forms down through the ages, thumbing through Janson's History of Art might remove the misconception and broaden his outlook

> Had Mr. Petro wasted less time in medical school and instead applied it more profitably by mixing with some slovenly colony of misfits he might have learned to paint something as beautiful as it looks is a sin. With this knowledge he editor, art critic deluxe.

Fellow students, visit Mr. Petro's exhibit; you may enjoy art that is self-explanatory. As for at we mere mortals enjoy. the Kernel, don't you think it.

It is interesting to note that might well confine itself to critimany of the old masters chose to cism of the constructive variety? Shelby A. Sherrod

A & S Senior

Editor's Note: Art reviews, unlike editorials, express the opinions of the reviewer and are not necessarily those of the Kernel.

#### Glad Gym Is Open

To the Editor of the Kernel:

We were pleased to learn of your success in opening up the (Alumni) Gymnasium for public use on weekends. We have had similar reports from other areas. and our campaign apparently is meeting with excellent success.

We appreciate your support, and hope you will express our thanks

V. L. Nicholson Director of Information President's Council on Physical Fitness Washington, D.C.

### Spotlight On Negro Colleges

By FRED M. HECHINGER

NEW YORK—When John U NEW YORK—When John U. Monro resigned a week ago as dean of Harvard College to become director of freshman studies at Miles College in Birmingham, Ala., he focused on the nation's Negro colleges the dramatic attention they seldom get.

Miles College's basic condition and Dean Monro's mission serve as a basic primer on the problems and goals of the great majority of the nation's 123 Negro colleges which still enroll the majority of all Negro undergraduates.

uates.
Founded 62 years ago under the auspices of the Christian Methodist Episcopal Church, Miles is the only college in the Birmingham Metropolitan Area to which the city's annual class of 4,000 Negro high school graduates may aspire.

By 1960, however, Miles was bankrupt. Lack of books and aca-

bankrupt. Lack of books and academically qualified faculty had led to its disaccreditation. As it was about to shut down, Lucius H. Pitts, an optimistic and courageous Negro educator who, 52



years ago, was born as the seventh son of a Georgia tenant farmer, agreed to take on the presidency (at \$7,500-a-year) and try to save

the institution.

Dr. Pitts sent students out with tin cans to collect money for the library.

Today, with the library stocked and 15 Ph.D.'s on the faculty, Miles is within grasp of reaccreditation. But its day-to-

day problem was less to satisfy the accrediting agency than to find ways of making educable the hundreds of Negro youngsters who sought admission.

This, then, is the story of Miles, as brought to public attention by Dean Monro. What is the larger story of the nation's Negro colleges?

Negro colleges?
Although a few Negro colleges opened in the North before the Civil War, none granted a bachelor's degree until after 1865, and the great rush to found Negro colleges began during reconstruction. tion, largely under missionary

auspices.

Originally, the private Negro colleges were almost entirely supported, governed and staffed by whites, and only gradually was control shifted to Negro administrators and faculty (often as a result of the increasingly rigid segregationist laws) and even some predominately Negro boards of trustees.

Although some of the Negro colleges had a tradition of high courage and silent defiance of the South's racism, the atmosphere was more often one of educational and social conserva-

The remarkable fact was not The remarkable fact was not that so many Negro colleges minded their own business but that some, such as Fisk and the cluster of Negro institutions around Atlanta, became the front-line of the battle for social justice and intellectual freedom.

David Riesman and Christopher Jencks, two noted social critics, reviewed the history of the American Negro college in the Winter 1967 issue of "The Harvard Educational Review." They described the understand-They described the understandable effort to copy the white institutions, partly as an attempt to overcome the "outrageous injustice" of the hostile surround-

Like Nigerians "wedded to a University of London syllabus," too many of the faculty members used to "cling to a pallid version of the academic tradition, itself in need of revision," the Riesman-Jencks critique said. Riesman-Jencks critique said "Insecure and marginal, they be came insistently pedantic."



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#### In Around And About

Towing In UPO's

By DAVID HOLWERK

By DAVID HOLWERK

Spring break was a trying time for Campus Police, according to one of their officers, Joe Billy Schlobervak. The trouble, according to Schlobervak, stemmed from what he termed UPO's: Unidentified Parking Objects. "We could see 'em,' Schlobervak said, "And they were always parked in tow away zones. But when we'd go up to give 'em tickets, they weren't there."

According to police, the first UPO was spotted some time ago. "But we disregarded the reports at first, said dispatcher Hugh E. Boyle. "But later when we began to get more frequent sightings, by reliable men, we knew there must be something to it."

sightings, by reliable men, we knew there must be something to it."

The typical encounter with a UPO happens at night, Boyle continued. "After most of the cars have gone is when they like to come out," he said. Apparently most UPO's park alone, so that they are the only offenders in a given area. They also appear to contain a necking couple.

"The first one I saw just had two sets of feet sort of propped up in a window," officer Schlobervak said. "They all seem to have feet propped up in the windows."

All UPO's look the same, Schlobervak continued. All of them look like dark green 1963 Chevrolet Impalas, "That's about all we can tell, though, lamented dispatcher Boyle. "As soon as a man gets within 20 feet of one of them, POOF, it disappears."

Several theories are being put forth as to the exact nature of the UPO's. Officer Schlobervak feels that students are definitely behind them. "The students on this campus are getting out of hand," he said. "They seem to think that this University is run for them. It's no doubt probably some punk engineering student who got his car towed away and is trying to get even."

However, Dr. Frederick M. Blachbash, staff psychiatrist at the Medical Center, has a different explanation. "This is obviously a type of battle fatigue," says Dr. Blachbash. "The campus police have been overworking themselves, trying to tow away every car parked on campus. Obviously the strain has become too much, and now they are imagining that offending cars exist as well as imagining that all existing cars offend."

Officer Schlobervak scoffs at such talk however. "Those things are there. They may be just images cleverly cast by misfit student genius, but what we see is there."

Still, the various officers are cautious about approaching parked 1963 Chevrolets. As an extra precaution, officers have been authorized to shoot at the tires of any suspicious looking parked cars. This has necessitated some remedial training, and has caused some

1963 Chevrolets. As an extra precaution, officers have been authorized to shoot at the tires of any suspicious looking parked cars. This has necessitated some remedial training, and has caused some unrest among the men. ("They never told me nothing about no shooting at things that aren't there," one officer reportedly said.)

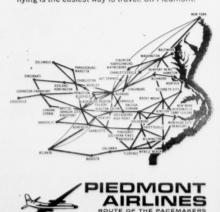
With the resumption of classes this week, the officers expect a drop in the number of UPO's. "We only see them when there's no other cars around we can tow in," officer Schlobervak explained. "With all the students back, we should have plenty of cars to tow away." Still, although the worst seems over, the police aren't as confident as they appear. Still, they have not lost their heads. As officer Schlobervak said, "We don't understand exactly what's going on here, but that's not going to keep us from doing our duty." us from doing our duty.





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#### At The NCAA Indoor Championships

### Jim Ryun: Questions Come With Records

By BILL PUCH Kernel Sports Writer DETROIT, Mich. – No one really knew what was going through Jim Ryun's mind. After setting a new NCAA indoor record of 3:58.6 here for prepared for the usual visit by the press.

Following his record perform ance, Ryun propped himself up on his elbows while two attend-ants busily worked on his feet

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in the training room.

The reporters' questions were drowned out momentarily by a roar from the crowd as Bob Seagren cleared 17 feet in the pole vault.

"How fast can you run the mile Jim?" one reporter asked.

"What are your plans for the future?" another queried.

The questions ran on and on

The questions ran on and on and the quiet miler, the world's fastest, tried to answer them all.

Intermittently Ryun would

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wince as a trainer would brush one of his many blisters.

"This running indoors gives me quite a few blisters," he said. Ever since Jim Ryun cracked the four minute barrier as a school boy, he has been a tar-get for the press. His life is no longer private but continual run about of questions and answers duel

He is not a "machine" as many writers have depicted him.

### Dayton, UC, So. Carolina In '67 UKIT

Dayton, Cincinnati, and South Carolina will join Ken-tucky as participants in the 15th UKIT to be staged here on Dec-UKIT to be staged here on December 22 and 23 next year.

December 22 and 23 next year.

Announcing the field, UK Athletic Director Bernie A. Shively classed the four teams as "perhaps the strongest in potential that we have ever lined up for the UKIT."

Dayton well.

Dayton will be making their fourth appearance in the tourna-ment. Coach Don Donoher's Fly-ers will be back almost intact, minus only their fifth scorer (guard Gene Klaus) from among the top eight point producers.

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Dave Patrick of Villanova proved that Ryun can be defeated. Patrick downed Ryun in the \$80-yard run here and set a new NCAA record in the process. However Ryun had ran two races prior to this, his first de-feat in two years

feat in two years.

One by one, the reporters drifted away and left Ryun with the trainers. For two Kentucky trackmen, Willard Keith and Dan

trackmen, Willard Keith and Dan Dusch, it was their chance to talk to Ryun about something other than breaking records.

Ryun relaxed a little as he explained how he trained for meets. The three talked about how they looked forward to the outdoor season and just "talked track" in general.

The three talked as college students and not as the objects

The three talked as college students and not as the objects of newspaper sports stories.

Although the two Kentuckians did not get into the finals on Saturday night, the mere fact that they were eligible for this, the NCAA indoor championships was an honor in itself.

ships was an honor in itself.

UK coaches Bob Johnson and
Press Whalen were glad at least
two members of the UK team were able to compete in the 'big leagues.'

As the trainers were putting As the trainers were putting band-aid's on Byun's blisters, two youngsters slipped into the training room. "Will you sign my sweater Jim," one of them asked. Byun was surprised but took the grease pencil and scrib-bled in the appropriate "To" and "From" on the garment.

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RYUN . . . how fast the mile?

It had been almost two hours since Jim Ryun had given the fans what they came to see; a new NCAA record.

Now he was glad it was over for a while



Bartlett's Best

Bruce Bartlett is rated the sixth best high school tennis player in the South and among the top prep stars in the nation. He visited Kentucky for UK's final home basketball game of the season. Tennis coach Dick Vimont played host to the New Orleans prod-uct. Vimont hopes Bartlett will return next fall for more than a

visit.

## HURRY!

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### More Educators Question Value Of General Education

'Prejudice

Continued From Page 1
Not all practitioners of gened have recognized the distinction, and clearly chosen one over the other—the "method" over the "matter", as Meiklejohn urged.
Another alternative which attempts to give students some practice in "thinking" is the "problem" course. Here, a variety of "problems" is discussed, supposedly prodding the student to consider the factual background and policy implications connected with the problem.
At the University of Louisville, for example, a course entitled "Problems in Modern Society" considers such topics as "War," "Economic Diplomacy," "Democracy," "Equality," and "Prejudice."

Another use of the "problem" kethique has been made at Coleate stein a problem cather such a science "core course" look into such questions se, "What is the best explanation for celestrate motions?" and "How did the solar system originate?" A mother use of the "problems is what students wary of "authority," and get them to think through for themselves some of the questions which have been argued in the past.

A variation on this theme is one which treats" eternal problems. "For example, a humanities course at Princeton looks at "Man and His Freedom" as discussed in literature from the Bible to the present. Less his torical and more topical, acourse at Wesleyan examines works con-

at Wesleyan examines works con-

cerned with free will and necessity by Greek tragedists, Augustine, Luther, and Shakespeare.

In the social sciences, many schools have used courses which examine broad questions of social policy, often on fairly theoretical, abstract levels. Don't look at specific issues that are hot today, the idea goes, but try to grasp the general concepts of law, society, culture, etc. Then you can apply them to specific you can apply them to specific

Cases.

The attempt to work up interdisciplinary courses has not really taken on the proportions of a fad. Concern has not abated, however, but has become more urgent as the forces which press upon colleges become more

Combined with scarcity of

teaching resources is the increasing demand put upon them by the rapidly growing numbers of students. With the new emphasis on a degree, universities are in-creasingly also determinates of social status.

If almost half the people of college age are in fact in some sort of college, and almost find themselves there by necessity, what happens to the notion of what "a college education" should consist of? This is particularly acute as the university. cularly acute as the university is increasingly asked to take on training in specialized activities formerly performed "on-the-job."

Several colleges have recognized the need for some opportunity to test ideas and theories in the ''real world.''

Such opportunities, patterned after the programs at Antioch after the programs at Antioch College in Ohio and Beloit College in Wisconsin, would, in effect, throw the students off the campus for periods of several months, sometimes quite a bit longer than the usual three-month summer, vacation, At Antioch and summer vacation. At Antioch and Beloit, the colleges help place students in work which offers challenges to their abilities and widens their experiences.

Students who might have been Students who might have been vaguely considering the possibility of teaching, for example, might find work in a community development project working with Appalachian or inner-city children, and gain a new perspective on what education can do for people. people.

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### Race On For SG President

Continued From Page 1

Of the academic review board, he said, "we will intensify ef-forts to institute this method of adjudicating unjust grades. An innovation in Cook's plat-

form is a proposal for a University ombudsman, an independent agent of the students. Under the ombudsman concept, a student would be named, and be responsible as a representative to the SG and the University Administration of complaints and interests of students.

The ombudsman would not have voting powers, but would be permitted to introduce SG legislation.

Snyder promised campus referendums on all issues of im-portance to students, to determine student opinion. Snyder was author of legislation to set up the football stadium referendum last semester.

Snyder also promised to seek enactment of the 1968 Kentucky legislature of laws which would permit a student a recognized rmit a student a recognized at on the University Board of ustees.

A proposal by Cook to open

Image: A proposal by Cook to open a civities coordination committee, which would serve to alleviage. seat on the University Board of



KENDALL THRELKELD

SC assembly debate to issues of national importance "which are important to students" would negate a ruling by the govern-ment last year to debate only

campus issues.

Cook also proposes a complete study of the University Food Service, aimed at better service and more hours for student use.

Other planks in Cook's plat-

Establishment of a student affairs advisory committee, responsible for soliciting student

ponsible for interest.

• Establishment of a Student Activities Central Information Service, which would serve as an information center listing all information concerning all student

RAFAEL VALLEBONA

ate duplication of group projects

and services.

• Regular reports on all SG meetings and progress reports of

all programs.

Changing part of the role of SG representatives, making them responsible, in part, for implementation of legislation they introduced.

Other proposals of Snyder in-

Establishment of an SG ewsletter, relating directly to SG activities and programs.

Initiation of squawk sessions, permitting students to voice complaints directly to SG members.

### **University Provides** Many Loan Programs

By MARG STOMMEL

Three major types of loans will outline the student financial aid program for the 1967-68 school year.

The first and largest loan is the National Program for the program of the program

The first and largest loan is the National Defense Loan, upon which most students depend. Under this loan program, an undergraduate student may borrow up to \$1,000 yearly or as much as \$5,000 during his undergraduate years. Graduate student graduate years. Graduate students may obtain up to \$2,500 yearly or a maximum of \$10,000 during the course of his graduate

No interest is charged to the student while he is still in school or for nine months after. Three percent is charged on the prin-ciple balance beginning with the 10th month. Payments are then made on a quarterly basis. Under this program, the loan payments may be cancelled in case of total may permanent disability or

The University has loaned out nearly all the funda appropri-ated for the National Defense Loan program this year, and will therefore have very few avail-

The second type of loan available is the Health Profession Loan, available to dentistry, med-Loan, available to dentistry, medical, and pharmacy students. Under this type, the student may borrow up to \$2,000 yearly, but the amount loaned cannot exceed his determined need. No interest is charged to the student while he is in school or for three years after.

Three percent is then charged or the going federal rate at the time when the first loan was negotiated. In accordance with this loan program, 50 percent of the money payments may be can-celled if the doctor or dentist

practices in an area where there is a shortage of such practition-

The third loan type is the Nursing Student Loan. This loan offers a maximum of \$1,000 yearly to full-time students emrolled in the four-year program. The loan is not available to those in the is not available to those in the associate degree programs. Like the other loans, no interest is charged while the student is in school or for one year after.

Three percent is then charged, or the going federal rate at the time the first loan was negotiated.

Fifty percent of the loan is can-celled if the nurse works in a public or non-profit institution or organization.

organization.
Two changes in loan applications this year will be the submitting of only one application
form and one copy, entitling
the student to whatever type of loan he desires.

The second change is the requirement of a parents' confidential statement to determine the student's need.

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Men's Awards Night Set Thursday

Outstanding men at the University will be honored at Men's Award Night to be held at 7:30 p.m. Thursday in Memorial Hall.

At the annual event, sponsored by Omicron Delta Kappa, awards will be presented to a large number of UK men, according to Miguel Martinez, chairman of the Men's Award Night Committee

Following an opening address, to be given by Vice President of Students Robert Johnson, ODK will recognize the outstanding independent, the

Interfraternity Council will name the outstanding student, and the Men's Residence Halls staff will announce the outstanding freshman.

The IFC scholarship award will be presented to the fraternity with the highest standing and

the YMCA Leadership Service Award winner will be named as well.

In addition to these major awards, men in the upper three percent of their class will be recognized as will the new members of Keys, Lances, Lamp and Cross, and ODK.



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