

Ashland Jan 1st 1862

My Dear Mother

I will write you a few lines to let you know, that we are all very much rejoiced this morning at receiving a box of elegant presents from Franck - I think Mary Ross must have been at work about a month - getting ready such a great assortment. The babies are delighted with the ~~new~~ dolls - as they have not had any to play with for some time. The little rabbits are very pretty and I will put them away to keep carefully for them - Gildred says he will shoot decoys with

Hattie Gardner, Jr.

MacMastre

Franklin

Samuel J.
Nancy Cook

McLaneth

his gun - The little wrapped are
very nice - but I still think I can't
get along without washing the babies
every day - as they would be too dirty
to go longer without scrubbing -
I am very much obliged to Mary
for the cups they are stitched so
neatly they are very nice - Hildreth
wears his biddle for a comforter -
the cakes & nuts are very acceptable
& the candy Uncle George, must
receive the thanks of the means
race - The day around New Years
day so it came just in time -
and we are all very much
pleased - Mrs. James presents
are beautiful - I was just wishing
the other day for just such a
pin cushion - I send a note to
her in this letter which Mary
can deliver - I suppose you

are having New Years call to day
I intended to have gone into the
Park to see how our soldiers looked
there - as there is a regiment
encamped there who came here on
Sunday - but it is so windy today I
dare not go it off - They have the
measles & mumps and are living in
tents - pity them very much -
I had a large tea party Christmas
eve - I gave out 45 invitations &
most of them came - I had a
very nice supper - as least
they all said so - and they had
at very lively time - the liveliest
party I ever had - I was invited
to two dinner parties Christmas
& dined at Mrs. Nichols -
Biddy sends her love to you all
& many thanks to Mary & Sarah
for their presents - With much love
and many thanks I am yours wif
love to Father George & Mary - Hattie

Marietta January 11 - 1862.

My dear Hattie,

I rec'd your letter of the 4.
a few days since: was happy to hear that you are
all well; & was pleased to hear that the Boss had
arrived after a weeks journey as I left here on
Christmas day: please inform me whether it took
a trip to Cincinnati. I was anxious to send it by
Capt. Burch thinking he would deliver it safely.

I suppose you are constantly in fear of the Measles
and Mumps now from your Soldiers; it is said
that about every other one in Parkersburg have their
faces tied up. The Home News will give you
all the particulars of our movements here.

When Gen. Wilder brands left all great events.
O wasn't it distressing to have one man kill'd in
a few hours after becoming here; I pity his family very
much though strangers to me; such things are very sad.

Benjamin Putnam has arrived; your father
saw them this morning at the point on their
way to Newport.

I expect that we shall feel quite lonely
here as Col. Craig has had marching orders, his
Regiment wasn't full, but several Companies came in
from Chillicothe to join him & they will be off soon

We shall miss them very much, we shall have
no one to depend on for protection but the Silver
Grays, Capt. D. Rosewater Company.

We have about 40 sick Soldiers in our Hospitals
belonging to Col. Hodges Regiment, they are left in the
care of Dr. P. Cooke who is their Surgeon.

I suppose that you have heard of the death of
Pensels Cook who died about two weeks since;
I pity his wife very much left with 3 little children.

Mrs. Dawson has gone to Lancaster to take charge
of a Church so they will have full business in
going to & fro as they all like to be moving about.

We have recently had a letter from G. P. They
are all well, Joseph Brice is very feeble but
able to go about some, poor fellow how sad it seems.
Do write me how the children progress in talking
Mary Poole is engaged in Schools, has written you
some recipes & done so badly that I have copied one.

We all join in kind love
yours. Geo. H.

Below the official Report will say the loss of the enemy in killed and wounded was 250 — I did not visit the battle ground, next morning, as my feet were very sore, and I supposed we would follow the enemy, — at I hardly knew how it could be done without giving the own something to eat — many of whom had nothing since the morning before, — but every one who visited the ground, said that in the head of the River between 20 & 25, — there was unmistakable signs of great slaughter, and those found dead were nearest to our men, — the Successivists say they lost 200 killed and wounded and that we lost 200, — Our loss was over 200, of the 14th Inf., — and eleven wounded, two have since died and were buried here this evening, — I think the enemy's force numbered about 2600 or 2800, — ours engaged 2500, but only about 800 engaged at any one time — Our Cavalry did not come up until in the night after the battle, — The all agreed that Col. Dalle's Cavalry had not stayed ^{two} or three days longer, — for I think we could have bagged the whole force, — they had 200 their Cavalry, and 400 Col. Shuford's Inf. Regiment, which with the force Col. Dalle's had here, — would have made a force of 1400 or 1500, — (We have a great deal of sickness in Camp here, and if we are to remain in this place, the mortality must be fearful) — They were ordered to Paeaston by the next morning after the Battle, and were forced across to town by the Rebels and the Canal boat.

Camp Dalle's,
Paintsville Jan'y 14th 1862
Mr. John Means:

Dear John,

I rec'd your letter the day after the Battle of Middle Creek, and I wanted to write to you by Mr. Martin, and give you as correct an account of the fight as I could, for being as I have thought that a sketch even by myself of the ground, would give you a better idea of the position than I others never could do, — He had been doing pretty hard service all the week, and on Thursday morning a detail of thirty men from each Company in each Regiment was made, for the purpose of finding the Rebels, — I did not feel very well that morning, and detailed Lieuts Womack & Dyer to go with the men, — That night about 10 o'clock a messenger arrived from Col. Garfield calling for 1000 men force — ~~men~~, — he was ordered to get ready them, — but the night was very bad cloudy and rainy, so we were ordered to be prepared to march at daylight Friday morning — Before daylight all our available force (about 1400) were across Paint Creek, and on the march, — I need not say that we had a hard march — We arrived at Abbott Hill about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ o'clock p.m., ten miles from here, in sight of Paintsburg we were riding, and speculating about where the Rebels were, and where our men — the 1100 we had sent out the day before, — when suddenly the rear part of a can now descended through the hills evidently from the direction to the right of

that town, and three or four miles distant from us, — the whole of our force sprung to their feet, and started down the hill in the direction of the Report of the Cannon over the hill and came on as fast as our armed feet could carry us, but that was slow. — Before we got in sight of our boys the Battle had evidently commenced — When we turned a point of the hill and came in sight of our boys, — the last one of the 40th Ohio preceded us, — they sent up cheer upon cheer. — This made the hills ring again, — The hurried on as fast as fast as one could, and came onto what I have marked as Ridge No. 1 — on the right hand side of the Creek, as we ascended the Banks — I was so tired that I could not for some time take a view of the position of our forces or of the enemy, — Getting up on the point, I found the firing was on the opposite of the Creek, — and could see a large body of men on Ridges No. 2 and 3 — and in the heads of the ravines between these two Ridges. — These were Rebels. — At the time I got around on the ground, about 200 of our men under Col. Gram of the 40th Ohio were upon the points of Ridges No. 2 & 3 — the greater portion on Ridge No. 3⁽¹⁾, and I could see the Rebels falling back towards the highest point of the Ridge, or where Ridges 2 & 3 met — when there was a number of large rocks apparently just upon the top of hill, — how was the hardest and hottest part of the battle, — A reinforcement of about 200 men were sent up Ridge No. 2⁽²⁾ — the distance from the point of the hill to C — the highest point of the Ridge was a half

a mile. — the distance from the point of Ridge No. 3 to C was over a quarter of a mile.

Battery A. was a battery of 2 guns — one 12 pounder and one 6 pounder cannon along the road which we were expected to advance, — Battery B. was another battery of 2-6 pound guns bearing on Battery A. — and was on the hill side just back of the Camp after we had gotten onto Ridge No. 1 — Battery A. kept up a constant fire, at what I could not exactly tell, except that occasionally a shot or shot would be heard in the air near to us, and above our heads — evidently intended for us, but as far as I can learn, these guns did no ~~damage~~ whatever in a Regt. of Rebels was stationed near Battery A. — numbering probably 800 men — a force of our men of about 400 men sent across the Creek at the foot of Ridge 3 — intending to sweep the fire of Battery A. while a force was to go round about Ridge No. 1, and attack the Battery from that side. — But it was getting dark, and the force was recalled — we had got possession of Ridges No. 2 & 3 — all but two companies were withdrawn from the opposite sides of the Creek, and we all laid made ourselves as comfortable as possible upon Ridge No. 1 for the night — a combatant came in in the night and told us the enemy had gone — burning a great deal of Camp equipment — a light was seen in the direction of the enemy's Camp just about dark, but the dark story was not fully credited until morning, when a reconnoissance showed that they had gone, taking with them a great many of their dead, and all their wounded — leaving at 21 I think on the field,

a great proportion will be unfit for duty. —
We are doing nothing but lay around Camp. — I went
into town to-day to hear the news, but my trip did not
pay. — Col. Garfield does not know where we are
going, and is waiting orders. — So ten days must
elapse before we know our destination — Col. Orman
of the 4th says he will resign, rather than
stay here, and I believe others will do the same.
It is safe to not believe any story going the
rounds in Camp, and one is very apt to lose
all confidence in mankind. — Col. Garfield
is a good man, and I am content to remain
in his Brigade — The officers of the 42nd are
far superior to ours, and I believe that over half
the privates would compare with the officers of
this Regiment. — I have not been acc-
quainted with the 4th, but from appearance
I do not think it so good a Regiment.

An order one to Hather and the little flocks
Yours truly
A. A. C.

P. S. — I forgot to reply to your enquiry
about paying Stevens for the Regt. —
I owe him for two papers, and it ought to have
been paid before this time, — you will oblige
me by paying him.

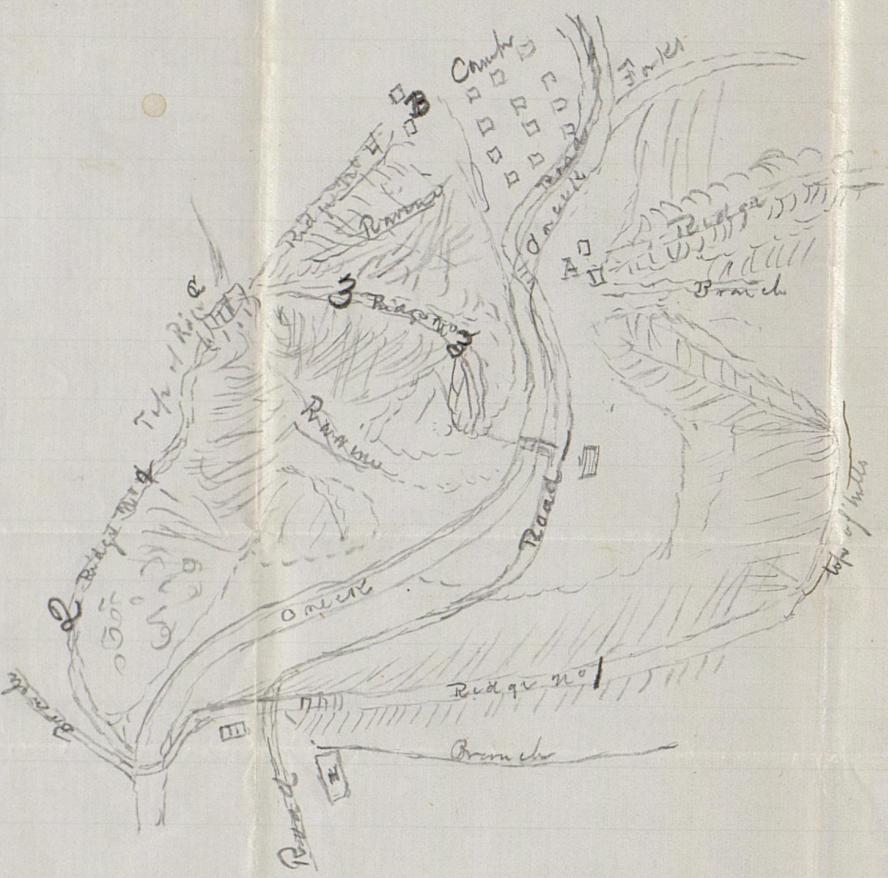
Yours A. C.
A. A. C.

How we managed to quarter in that town I do
not know, — I got my supper at Mrs. Mrs. P. Martin's —
staid all night, and slept on a bed, the first time since
the nights of 25th December at another Secced house.
This Postmaster is the dirtiest, meanest holt I have
yet seen. That bears the name of a town, and one would
naturally think that treason would bring exposure.
Here the enemy had their Hospital, in which they
left thousands of sick who were unable and unwilling
to get away. — Humphrey Marshall was undoubtedly
my friend to all the people having Rebel sympe-
this, but the Union folks, or those of Union feeling
suffered. — There were two Colonels from Virginia
with parts of Regt. into — Col. Gregg with 800
men, Col. Moore 450, — & Col. Sartorius (or Shorn)
with over 400 Cavalry — the battery was Virginian
100 men in the Kentuckians were commanded by
Genl. S. Williams, and numbered about a 1000,
although on many claims they had 1600 or 2000. —
There was anything but an agreeable feeling exist-
ing between the Virginians and Kentuckians, and
the citizens of this section, listed the Virginians
and showed them more attention than they did
the big Rebels. — The Virginians wanted to re-
turn home, and said publicly. that if Marshall
et Williams allowed them to be surrounded and
taken prisoners, all they asked of the Government
troops, was to allow them to shoot both of them.
The prisoners say that the whole force is demoral-
ized, and desertions are frequent, — as Roll Book
which we get prisoners from each to be the
case, — and many take advantage of the confusion
of this retreat, and have left them — Some

have come in, and given them above up — John Riss is now in our hands a pris' man, — He is an invader of the Battle ground, showed that the enemy had lost several officers, — one Staff officer and one Captain, — He got possession of a good deal of clothing, — 1000 Shrapnel shells or 400 pairs of Shoes, 31 Boxes of Lead, 20-6- Cannon balls — the Lead & balls were buried in a mud hole in the road, about three miles from Painterville, — They were ordered on Sunday morning to return to this place, — I was so foot sore and worn out that it was impossible for me to walk, and my only chance for riding was on board the Canal Boat, — and I found that his horses were in as bad condition as my self, — I however maintained a place in the boat, with a half dozen of my men, — We passed soldiers on all sorts of craft, — The whole brigade is now encamped here, and we are all awaiting to know our destination — All went to get out of the Sandy Valley, — the 14th is nearly demoralized & if we are sent out into some Camp of Instruction, I have but little hopes of our doing any good however, — Our Staff officers are sadly deficient, — Col. Moore is not here and rumor says his resignation has been accepted, and that Col. Stiles will be Colonel of our Regt in out, — Our Quartermaster does as he pleases, and thinks anybody his superior — He want a man, a head to this Regiment, and I am not particular who he is, so that he knows his business, and meets his inferior attend to their business, —

What I believed and feared, when going into this Regiment, is actually happening to day, — the great portion of the officers are as ignorant as the men, and in many of the Companies, an officer ^{does} not coax his men to do their duty, — I feel very much like resigning, but am foolish to my command and am constrained to work on, hoping that the end of this confusion is not far off, — The Quartermaster of the 42nd Ohio, is at most below the mouth of Paint Creek, ditching and draining for a Camp, having lumber hauled and saved for flooring for tents, and is sparing no pains to get that Regt out in comfortable quarters, — Our Quartermaster thinks it no part of his business, and wants our Quat. Col. to attend to his own business and not interfere his, — Perhaps if Col. Moore resigns, we will get some body who knows what he is to do, — for in our position that Department is the most important belonging to a Regiment, — I am encamped back of Painterville, in an orchard, nearly a quarter from the town, a few feet of ground intervening, — I do not go into the place except when compelled to do so, on business, and have not seen any of our Staff for some days — Most of the 14th Regt is encamped here, — the 22nd is encamped on Sandy River 3/4 of a mile from us — there are only 4 Companies of it here — the balance are at Linton, — the 40th is encamped in the low ground, to our left as we go into town, — it is a miserable place for a Camp, — and if this wet weather continues

~~—~~ Battle Ground on Middle Creek. 3 miles from
Prestonburg ^{fought}, Jan'y 10th 1862 — lasting 3 hrs
& so on minutes.



Ridge M^o 1 - Where the Red worn was stained over

- 3 - the point wth which our first advance was made,
 - " 2 - - - - the position of the 14th Ky advanced
 - " 4 - - - - the Rebels came from this Camp
 - A - Point of hill where two cannon were placed, bearing on the road
 - " B - Battery 2 guns bearing on Battery A.
 - C - the highest point of Ridge upon which from Ridge No^o 5 or 2 - the Rebels ~~were not to~~ made the fight.

Show something about military matters—
of course our Lieut Col, or Major could not
see any cause for their resigning.— A
Mr. Evans the Colonel, was known to have sent
in his letter of resignation, I am now con-
tinuing by writing for a further advancement.—
But fortunately for the Regiment, for the cause,
and for all concerned, a wise man has made
his appearance, with his Commission in his
pocket, and takes charge of the affairs of
the Regiment, without formality or ceremony.—
Alas a day things go assume a different shape
— the Lieutenant's and Commissionary Depart-
ment is likely to make amends, and I am
in hopes provision will be soon abundant.—
Col Acham is a man of perhaps thirty two
or thirty five years, and is evidently intelligent.
— looks the gentleman.— He is very
anxious to get the Regiment out of this mud
preferring being upon the Ohio River, — says he
would like to get to Oakland, which I am
opposed to, but am willing to go any way
except up the River.— I have been under
the weather for several days, and many
of my men are in the same condition, with
the same complaint— diarrhea.— I am better
to-day, but am eating nothing but hard rach-
-ers and drinking tea for two days.— What
is the cause of it I do not know, ^{suspect} it is
the water, — the last we heard from Marshall
forever was that the Virginians were on their way
to Virginia, — the Kentucky men were going into Letch
County for winter quarters, — many of them are known
deserting and going home. Yours truly, John.

I send you inclosed a portion of a Consolidated
Report of Col Jno S. Williams Regiment — notice the
differences.

Pomonaville May 24th 1862
Mr. John Means
Dear John:

With your letters for Alex. Martin were received; I am sorry to find
that you did not understand the meaning of
the package.— My object was to have my
Commission & Muster-in-Roll in safe keeping,
and I instructed Danny Thomas to deliver the
package to you, and tell you to keep it
until I called for it. I requested Lieut
Hornbeck to call and get the package, and
bring it to me again.— He on doubt explained
the matter.— I was not so sanguine of
success against the force under Sherman
Marshall, after learning his strength, and
knowing the many great advantages which a
mountainous country like this gave him,
if he should be forced into a battle.—
And now that the battle has been fought
and I more fully understand the position
of his force, and his strength, I think that
you were fortunate, rather than any military
knowledge was displayed.

The Allotment Roll which I sent to James Starkill is correct, and the one I sent you has no effect. James R. Moore intends that you and the money to his family, I suppose they will come and get it of you if notified. — Mr. Curtis has been here superintending Allotment Rolls, and I have made some changes, but not in respect to amounts or Assignments, — the money will be sent to James Starkill, John Meane and James Dwing for distribution. — My Company was much disaffected and gambled a good deal when they found that neither you or Uncle Hugh's name was used as Tomatoes, as was the case at the former Roll, and I have taken the liberty of inserting your name, — Another change was made, — the length of time for which the men were to draw pay upon that Roll or rather that the Assign was should draw pay — In the complete one, the time is put for six months commencing Nov 1st 1861, I was advised by the officers to do so, but I can see no reason for it except that if no time was stated, it would be taken for granted that the Roll as it Roll was intended for the whole time, or until discharged, and

the Allotment office would not have any further duty to discharge, but if the time was put in at three or six months he would have something to do upon Uncle Sam's proclam. — Several of my men are from Ohio Farmers, and their families would like to have it so arranged that they could get the money or provisions &c without coming to Ashland for it. — An order from any of the Regiments in favor of a good man from Ohio Farmer, I think would be all that would be required. — When you see the Roll that will accompany the Check from the Farmers Bank upon the Oakland Bank, you can judge what will be required to fill the law. We are expecting the Paymaster here in a short time, and the money for the mis families will be sent to Ashland, before the Paymaster comes here, when he don't hear that Col. Moore has resigned, he made his Resignation Speech last Sunday, and introduced John C. Croghan of Flemington as our Colonel — Col. Moore was satisfied that it was necessary for the good of the Regiment, and of the cause, that either the Col. And Colonel or Major

early — at 3^o miles we crossed the Penn, by Linn, — the rebels were very numerous & at having got into that defileous country the people are all Union and no mistakes, as great numbers are in Guards Regiment. — We marched 10 miles that day and encamped in the woods on the mountain side, — Col de Conroy's Brigade, composed of the 16th & 42nd Ohio, & 22nd Ky were in the advance, and were encamped at the foot of the Mountains, had fired a few shots at strong Rebels pickets, and fired some in return, — nobody hurt on our side — the road over the mountains had been blockaded by rebels, this detained them a day to remove, and repair the road, — they remained in our Camp until dark Wednesday night, when we moved towards the mountains, the night was beautiful, the moon shining full, at 2 o'clock we had reached the top of the mountain, our march being very slow and tedious, owing to the number of wagons and artillery, all of which required double teams to accomplish the steep climb of the mountain. — As we commenced descending the mountain, the moonlight began to fade somewhat, and as we came out onto mountain sides facing south west East, thus we found that the moon was being eclipsed, our progress down the mountain was very slow, owing to long lines of stoppage in many places, and the foggy come, and the increased darkness, — by the time we had reached nearly the foot the eclipse was total, and it was very dark — de Conroy's Brigade was encamped at the foot of the mountain, — Our 6th Genl Band, composed of the 33rd Ind, 19th Ky & 12th (the 19th Ky was with Genl Custer's Spec't, bat 3rd Penn G.F.) — The 33rd was in advance of us, and encamped near the 12th this was next to the 3rd, — This our band down, on the trees, it was not long before about a dozen shots were fired out in the valley, and to our left, — the lead a strong picket out in that direction, and from what I can learn were effecting their field Regiment to fall down the road that night, on the way to Big Creek Gap.

Cumberland Gap, Claiborne Co Tenn
from 27th 1862

Mr John Means

Dear John:

Yours of the 9th inst was received yesterday the 26th I have also received one other letter from you over two weeks ago, to which I have had no time or opportunity of replying. You are no doubt aware that I wrote to Nichols telling him to stop supplying families upon the Attainment Roll. It was causing me a good deal of trouble, and I believe no body thanked me for the trouble I had already taken in informing the families of their supplies. When I wrote to Nichols I had erroneous that the Paymaster would have paid me for April and May in a few days, and all the men would have sent some money to their families besides sending the amount due upon the Attainment Roll. One since the 9th inst we have been occupied in some manner or other in the expedition against Cumberland Gap, the success of which you have learned. On the 8th (yesterday) we left Camp Covadillo, at the foot of Pine Mountain, (a range of the Cumberland Mountains running parallel with them from N.E. to S.W. or nearly so) and upon the banks of the Pine where it runs through a gorge of this Pine Mountain range. This range is nearly as high, and rough as the Cumberland, — The slope of the Pine Mountain is to the S.E. that of the Cumberland to the N.W. — the cliffs and junc-

puers of the Pine M. face to the N. N. E. — the slope of the mountain to the S. E. — I have never seen a country where there is such confusion in the strata of rocks. — I do not know but I can give you a better illustration of this irregularity than by a row of bricks set upon end, fall the one, against the next one, and all go down, making a succession of ravines and terraces upon between the strata. In ascending the mountain in many places a person will ascend abruptly for 150 or 200 feet, then descend over a rocky precipice 40 or fifty, — thus accomplished, ascend again, and thus over a precipice, as it is called to the top. — On Sunday morning we left Camp Brandon, with two days rations in our knapsacks, and 4 days in our traps, ^{80 miles of carriage}. We had sent back to Fort Laramie all of our extra baggage, had with us three traps for the mules and tent for each officer of each company. — I had been sent out on Friday before with 40 men to find a road to the Gap, occupying a gap in the Mountain M^{ts}, about 7 miles from the Gap, a portion of the men were stationed upon the high points on either side of the gap in view of the Cheyenne Camps and fortifications, — with the aid of a good glass I had a fine view of the fortification of the works, — upon the ^{highest} point of the gap a long line of tents and huts could be seen stretching from the highest point half way down the mountain, right up encircled the whole campment, — Upon the right great numbers of tents were clustered upon a detached rugged and rocky knoll, — it was about the time for application of oil to the mountain, and I judged from what I then saw has informed an invasion forward time, that it

and the most formidable of any of these fortifications, — undoubtedly the weakest point was where we approached upon the circumference of which I made you, — they had strong thicks that front off that time. Before I was relieved upon Saturday, about 150 men came out with axes, from our Camp, and commenced felling trees right and left into the road, blocking it completely, for more than a mile. Capt. Lyon, whom you will remember as connected with the Geological Survey of Kentucky, was engaged with a number of men below our Camp in the Gorge cutting down the timber, and drilling large holes in the rock upon the top of the mountains on each side of the road, preparing to blasting off rock and making an impossible to the Rebels, should they attempt to get out that way. — On Sunday we marched 12 miles in nearly a due west course the road, until within one mile had been scarcely any thing but a wretched path, but was now a passable wagon road. The Country was wild, mountainous, and but little settled, the population the poorest I have yet seen, distress and want are plainly written upon their countenances, — my first word was to be seen, nearly all in that part belonging as they say to Garrow's Regiment, — the next day at 12 o'clock, we got into a road leading from Bass' Corralito to Wilson's Creek. ^{met} Big Horn, and a road leading from Smith's grous to Big Creek Gap, — we took the road towards Big Horn Gap, or as we thought to Wilson's Creek, — after two miles marching we encamped for the night, — next morning we started

Brackets were issued - the boys managed to get some fresh pork, mutton, and bacon, which they said they bought, - anyway, the success of ours did not object to dividing with the rest, so that my Company got along very well, and I never imagined who they bought it from, but little better off than they, although I had a snow fit all the time to try to avoid it - we remained in Camp until 2 o'clock Sunday, when we took the snow train again, in the sun got over the snow train before night, our wagons, coming close behind us - it is the work here that we have the best drivers in the whole Division, - Isaac Wilson drives our wagons, he encamped at the foot of the snow train on the timber, about half a mile from the road leading up and down the Valley, - If you will excuse you may go with Phillips for a speech - We crossed the mountain, thence 8 miles from camp, - we remained in Camp on Monday, 16th - were joined in the evening by Genl Spears and Capt. Dr. ⁱⁿ ~~and~~ who had removed, the Blackado on the Big Creek Gap, - that the Knoxville Register boasted would begin a year of Yankee invasion to come - Genl Spears gave his Tennessee boys three hours to do it and it was done, and this without having brought through easily, - burnt some 10 tents, and destroyed the great deal of Camp equipments, these Tennesseans are ~~not~~ displeased, because the impression seems to have been formed on some of the other Regiments, that they would not come up to the mark on the battle field - they say they are anxious to test the matter, - Great numbers of citizens peacefully remain near this Camp on Monday, the 17th bringing them things to eat, and Genl Spears allowed about 100 of his men to go home on Monday night, - he had a rally that evening, and the whole force was formed in order of battle

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To hold this place against Hood and Carter, - they were no doubt superiorly as a thousand (Union) long some few miles of the Valley, says that this force of 3 Regiments came down opposite his lines, and upon hearing the firing turned back immediately, and in such hurry that they repeat some of the wagons in the road, - After a little while all was quiet, except the continued cattle of my gone and calling as they came down the mountain, I did not go to sleep, or try to sleep, as my blankets were in our Company wagons, and it was left in camp to wait for the orders, I had my overcoat on however, and did not suffer from the great cold of the other side of the mountain, At daylight I lay an morning road to see what was worth to be seen, and I was as little gratified to find close by where the Regt lay, a very good double log story frame house, with improvements that indicated that we were again in country where people can live - close by stood a mill, and saw mill, both of these were run by the water from a Spring which flows from the mountain, not one less than 200 feet from the flour mill, It is the longest Spring I have seen, but there is one here at the Gap, that is nearly if not quite its equal, - The water is so clear that it looks transparent, even from a few feet in depth, we set 8 o'clock on Brigades into some eating and drinking men ordered, down the road on grazing expedition, the went about four

miles, paying our respects to the Ashe farmers whom happened to be at home, — the most of them professed to be Union. We got back to our starting point about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and at once received orders to report at Williamsburg, — that was a sore blow to us all, and great were the mutterings and curses, among the men about Gordonsville. I have never seen so much dissatisfaction exhibited since I have been in the Army. The men soon, on our way up the mountain, this afternoon, was I think the hottest of the seasons, and what a task it was for us who had had no sleep the night before, and were of course fatigued with the trip down the valley. — We arrived at dark, at the Camp we had left the night before, at about the same hour, — Our wagons were gone, had left about noon or double quick, — I puzzled my brain a little to invent some reason for all this, — the men wanted to know, what was wrong? that the master? Has Spears been whipping at Big Creek, and the garrison no doubt gave rise to the Camp story that Spears had been sent to prison. — All we did know was that we were ordered to Williamsburg, — John Roane and Mr. Broady offered me a place to sleep in their house, along side of a large log, — with a brush covering to keep off the deer. I had no blanket, but accidentally found a sheet in

the road, that proved to belong to negro Dennis with my own coat and the coat wrapped around me, I laid down, was soon asleep, and did not wake until day light. — We were soon on the road again, — at 2 o'clock we had halted for a rest about 2 miles from where we expected to Camp that night, when we learned that we were ordered back across the mountains, — Genl Morgan came along on a little while, he said that he had been ordered to take the first place by Genl Smith. He told me he felt bound to obey, but knew we had started back, he had learned that Cumberland Gap was evacuated, and he felt bound to go ahead and occupy it. — Our end days railings were out, and over these roads it was evidently a swine's march to get them. Although the men were tired, they all wished a chance to go back into Powell's Valley where they could get something from the Rebels to eat, we encamped near where we had received the order and the wagons coming up pitched our tents, the night was very cold. We started back again next morning, but it was evident during the day, that this constant marching and exposure, with the want of wholesome food, and coffee particularly, was telling severely upon the men, — Saturday m^g 15. 14th what we encamped at the foot of the mountain, some

to the Gap, — Since we heard that the Gap had also been evacuated the night before, we continued our march, during the afternoon, we had two or three very heavy showers of rain, and we could do nothing but take them, I was met to the station still we continued on, — the road was now very muddy and the walking became quite tired looking. We came in sight of the tents on this side of the mountain, when seven miles distant, — The people were more open in their expression of loyalty, — Several Stars and Stripes were exhibited upon the road; that the names said were bid for one year, — They all knew that the Gap had been evacuated I am informed that the Rebels lacked just one day of occupying the place one year, they arrived at the Gap just about noon, when Col. de Courcey's Brigade were chewing, and the artillery commanding fired a salute, — I can give an description of the appearance of the Gap and surrounding mountains, & have sent Bell a rough sketch of it, which will give more correct idea of it than by verbal description. The right mountain is I judge 1200 feet in height, a present, as bold rocky precipices front, the left mountain is perhaps 1000 feet in height, — In the Gap where the road passes through it is 350 or 400 feet above the level of the rest of basin formed between the two mountains, at the foot of the right mountain, stands an old furnace, and a mill, these have been run by the water from a large spring alone, — He found here over 500 tents every one of which was cut into shards, — those large cannon, were all spiked in the bats, — the carriages which were cut down, — three other guns, one of them the largest they had, were all spiked and thrown over the precipice on this side, — floor, Bacon Rice Beans &c were scattered every where, the large Commission House upon the mountain was destroyed by fire, — next to it was a large pit filled with Bacon, that the floor

It however proved to be a false alarm, on Tuesday, we received orders to have our tents struck at dark, and wagons loaded up. — This day, we were ordered to be ready to march at 6 o'clock that night, & did not get any sleep, — at 6 AM the Organizt was formed but it was nearly daylight when we got out into the Valley road. It was known to us that the 3 Rebel Brigades, a short time before the road to this Gap, had six pieces of artillery, they supposed they would strike a stand or at least, we were prepared for it. It was said that they were busy throwing up entrenchments, and a Camp story is current that one of General Morgan's aids, had a draft of these works, a complete map of them. — The order of the battle was, Genl Sparks upon the left, leaving the valley, Genl de Conay in the centre, Genl Carter upon the right, Genl Davis second. The citizens along the road were communica-
-tive, but none knew anything about the Rebels except that they heard that a force was at the point we expected, on the coming before, we com-
-menced our march, without any interruption to the point stated, but soon enough they had left the night before, going it was believed in the direction of Knoxville, after passing by the place where they had been stationed, we came to a halt, and remained some time, until 13 o'clock, we had come 9 miles, it was 10 more to

down, Mr. Martin, a brother of Rev. T. Martin
of Petersburg and five others, all of whom have
been given parole, — a Methodist preacher is
busy bringing in his friends, all these are from
Virginia — The wheat harvest is about over,
here, and the Crop is considered very good, in
places however I would say it was very poor. —
Oats are not worth sowing. Corn looks well,
and a great deal of the valley is cultivated
in Corn, — the valley is very broken, limestone
rock cropping out, and in many places covering
the ground surface for acres, — the buildings
in the Valley as far as I have been are very poor
old and dilapidated, some of them vacant, But
few men are to be seen, but every house has sev-
eral rooms in, some as many as five and six,
all are non-combatants, they say, — we learn how-
ever that many men are abiding through the
woods near to home, — We are informed that a
considerable force is now at work, fortifying
the Paso through the Cheat Mountains, to pre-
vent us from getting to Morris town, forty miles
distant, upon the Railroad. — We learn now that
we are to fortify here, and will remain some
time, — a strong force will no doubt be left here
a Brigado anyway, should an advance be made,
it seems to be understood, that our Brigado will
be the one that will stay, — We are encamped
about one mile from the Gap near the road to Sag-
-well, — a ridge being between us and the Gap, so
that we do not see the other Camps. We are in a
very comfortable place, the 19th by day, and I would
much prefer remaining here, — Well John, I have written
something of a letter in length if not in material, and
yet tho' several things I think would interest you
if I can make myself fully understood, — There are
as two things I must speak of.

4

4

permitted from distinction. It is a fortunate
accident that so much good provision was
to be had. — Fifty or 60 Bales of Flax were evidently
rolled off the top of the mountain in one place. —
An 8 inch shot gun (Hunting) bears the date 1861
and was evidently made by them, the outside appear-
ance is very rough. This is one of that size,
the another 6 inch is an old U. S. Army gun I think,
the largest one thrown over the rocks. I have not seen,
but I judge from what is said of it, that it is
a 10 inch. — Since we have been here our Guide
has been up the Valley upon a foraging
expedition, we were out three days, returning yes-
terday, and I am never used up than ever
before after a march. I slept in a wagon
one night, out of the rain, and down very well,
but the next day the wagon was sent off the
road after a load of Corn, and that night I
slept under an oak tree, that is what sleeping.
I did, I don't think, — the night was very
cold, and every body complained of cold. —
The Rebels have taken all the Corn and every
thing else of eatable kind, for 40 miles up
the Valley. Some of our Country however, went
up beyond Jonesville, brought in all their wagons
loaded with Corn, & Bacon, captured 4 teams
loaded, one with arms, — brought in about a dozen
mynes, — they were delighted when they passed
us, I do not know the particulars, — brought

the names of Commissioners, — I did not take a few
other mineral, sufficient at least to look up the Comms.
other kind stones are to be found in the valley to
direct indicate the course. — Give my love to Blattie
and the little one. — Let me hear from you.

Yours truly
Arch. Meares

I am sorry to announce^(S) the deaths of Clifton and
Otha Callehan. — Clifton died on the 18th inst
at Flat Lick Hospital, — Otha died at Barbours-
ville Hospital on the 19th. Clifton had not
been well since we left Louisville, but for a
long time he continued with the Company, — on
the 1st of May he was sent to the Flat Lick
Hospital, a miserably conducted institution. While
we were at Camp de Cancy Otha stood with his
the greatest part of the time, — Otha getting sick
was returned to Camp at the Agincourt Hospital
at my request. I sent James Moon to wait upon
Clifton, I applied to Surgeons and Clerks to grant
me permission to send a man there for that purpose,
both said they could not do it. I sent him
on my responsibility. I also told Jim Moon to
send him from the Hospital to a widow woman's
house over by, where he would have a better bed
and more attention, — he did so. — Clifton was very
low, when on the 17th the Surgeon for some cause
or other had him removed from to the Hospital
the woman insisting that he should not be removed,
and that he would die if removed. He died on
the 18th at 12 o'clock M., — Jim Moon thinks he
might have got well if he had not been removed
from down every thing he possibly could, to give
him a decent burial, — Otha was sent to Bar-
boursville, at the time we commenced our march. I
thought that he would join his Company in a few
days, — he improved after he went to Barboursville

and was going round. — Hugh Darby, and several others of my Company were taken there at the same time. Hugh was able to wait upon the after he was taken worse, and did every thing he could for him. — He died of inflammation of the bowels, & he was buried gently, and funeral services by a minister performed, a rail fence built around his grave to prevent the place from desecration. — Now, you may think that all this was done as a matter of course, but I am very sorry to say that the poor soldiers at these Hospitals, have hitherto received different treatment, many of them have been put in the ground with the same clothes on, in which they died, and without any more than a blanket around them, and the floor of dirt without protection. On my return from the foraging expedition up the Valley I was glad to find all of my sick returned except Thomas Sampson and Effet Freeman, who were improving when the others left. A new order of things had been instituted in the Hospital or Hospitals. For one half of the town is devoted to that purpose. — From Duxbury Mills to the Gap is 30 miles. — I confidently expected some letters and papers, when I got back to Camp, as I had not received any for three weeks, during all that time the mail had been accumulating, and had been ordered to Williamsburg, some of it had been retained at Linden. — The latest mail arrived just — the old mail was received

yesterday afternoon and to day have received several parcels of it, so that I am nearly up with my papers. — I received two letters this afternoon from Mary Ann, on the 10th & the 13th yesterday received one from Bill dated April 28th — only two more the on the way. — The Gazette of 2d is received to day. — I have not received any letter from Knobbs, stating the amount of each one in dollars. I would like to know it, & suppose it will be along in course of time. I don't know how Mr. H. Riley got home, he was sent to the Hospital at Lexington, and I did not know where he was sent so I hear of him at home. — He should not get a cut, — David Darby, Richard and James Hubbard, Jim Hughes, Jim Collins and James McWhorter are deceased, — George Darby and Jas. Martin are so considered by a general order, I have not reported either to. — Col. de Corvey's Brigado have moved to the Kentucky side of the mountain to day that looks like staying here and it. — Lt Col Galloway is acting Postmaster at this post, is very busy hearing the stories of absent Rebels, who are anxious to remain at home, gives parches and passes to all who apply. — Mr. Martin is released upon parole, — I have always heard that Va. Sem. only all come down upon a rock upon the road side, — a square rock is to be found just in the Gap, but on it is cut 5,288' 14' West, 1200 feet to the and Lewis Corner, with

him of it I wish you would let
me know - Whipping & cooing
dont seem to do much good so far
he talked badly enough before but
now. Mary Ross would go distracted
over him - Bessie dont talk any
better than she did in Marietta - I think
the babies talk about as well if not
better than any of the rest of them -
Tell Mary Ross I am much obliged
to her for the recipes - Biddy says
I wont learn any of the Ashland
Ladies how to make Boston Tea cake
so we can have all the glory of it
ourselves - I wish you would tell
Rita Woodbridge to answer my letter
I expect she writes often enough to
Lucy to not forget how to write -
Give my love to Father George
& Mary - Yours affecly -



Ashland Jan 28th 1862 -
My Dear Brother

I have not been
in any great hurry in answering your
last letter as the creeks & rivers have
been so high I supposed most
likely the mails would be delayed
I hear Marietta has been inundated
but I cannot hear as to what extent
I dont suppose you had it in your
house but most likely you had the
usual trouble of carrying things out of
the cellar, old kitchen, Spice &c - When
you write, give me the full particulars -
It was higher here than it ever has
been since I lived in Kentucky - It
came into Paducah - but did not
come over the banks at Ashland -
We had a fine view of the steamboats

from our house - I saw the Telegraph
^{my page} a Conserville boat but missed seeing
the "Jacob Staader" the largest boat on
the river - they were carrying troops to
Parkersburg - Are you ladies as busy
as we with the lick soldiers? - Our
lick ones are all better now and
will soon leave unless the regiment
comes back again to stay the winter.
The Boston made a ~~trip~~^{of} 500 Saturday
carrying provisions up to Ionisa for
them - never before had so large a
boat visited Ionisa & the whole
town came out to see her - Arch
(Bess husband) is still at Paintsville
he was not in the fight but he &
his men came up yelling like so
many Indians & the rebels got
wind there were 2500 of them ^{coming}
& they took to their heels with a
perfect Bull's eye panic - They burnt
up two dogheads of rice & one of sugar
to keep the union men from getting

them - but they got their uniforms made
of blue ducking & 400 pair of shoes
etc etc Arch is quite tired of the
Big Sandy region & thinks they have
completely broken up that band of rebels
The soldiers in town make it very
troublous for the Irish girls - Biddy has
been to a dance once a week for four
weeks - as she stays generally till
three o'clock in the morning she
don't work quite so well the next
day - I will be glad when the soldiers
are gone - You want to know
how the children are getting along
talking - The towns are progressing
rapidly but Bob talks horribly
he has taken to stuttering lately
in a most distressing manner
I suppose he does it for fun but
I am in great fear lest the
habit should be confirmed &
last him for life - If you
can think of any way to break

Ohio Turnee Party. 29-1862

John Means Esq^r D^r John

I recd yours of 17th on the 24th
I was somewhat disappointed
in not getting your Scometries,
but have since been supplied
with one nearer home - I have
heard a good deal about Mr.
Jones and don't think he would
suit the vacany here - I have
askt for my former Store keeper
and intend that he and I
shall do the business here this
year. Prof. Black of Buena V.
was over about two weeks ago
to get a job in Black Smith Shop.
Is he a good Smith? How
much did you pay him at Buena

Vista? We have had to pay considerable Cash for work in shop heretofore & would like a man who would take something out of the store - Yours truly
W. Means

I have been thinking of getting to Ashland this month, but as the Paymaster should defer his visit I shall not do so. — I am interested in a bill presented Congress by Sherman, concerning the pay of officers, — the part relating to the Captain's pay particularly. — I do not yet get to see any papers myself. You send them to me, and also make no short a stay at Ashland this last time, you did not get to see him. — If you know what has been done in Congress about this pay, please let me know. — Give my love to Hattie and the little folks.

Yours truly
A. A. Nichols

Camp Buell, July 5-1862

Dear John

We moved our Camp to-day, and we are now encamped on the upper side of Pant Creek, near where it empties into Sandy River, upon a sloping, and sodded piece of ground. The change is altogether satisfactory, and I am in hopes I have left Paintsville for ever. — We are still in sight of the place, if we choose to look ^{the} that direction — We are out of the sound for the present at least, and are in sight, and near to the Ohio Regiment, and are close to the steamboat landing, — Pant Creek river evening. — I think we will go to work, if the weather permits drilling. — On 22nd we started up the River by boats yesterday evening — destination said to be Paintsville — The side wheel boat Capitola, arrived here this morning, having in tow a long wharf boat for the use of the Brigade. I hear (not reliable) that two more wharf boats are to bring up here. — I do not consider any thing reliable I hear myself I get it only off from the Headquarters myself.

We have a great deal of sickness, on all of the Regiments. — I have had several sick now in my Company, and I was afraid yesterday that Jim Elbow was going to die, I went into the Hospital this morning when coming through the town, to see him, — he was asleep, and says, Miller told me he was better, — Frank Powers, Patterson Bates, George Mc Cameron, and Edwin Hallace are all in the Hospital, — I don't think there is much the matter with Frank, — Bates is much better, and wanted to come over with me, but I would not let him, — Mc Cameron looks badly, but is getting better, but is still very weak, — I had but little hope of him once, — He is a good boy — Wallace is about well, — Brian Blankenship is right sick in his tent, — he was taken bad to-day, — The worst case can only get into the Hospital, not having sufficient room for all that should be there, — James Clatto is in the Hospital too, — He is contrary, and don't take any care of himself, nor pay any attention to anything is said to him, — Lint Stomack is sick, and if he don't take better care of himself here after will not be able to stand the Campaign, He thinks so himself to-night — He is here in my tent, — I was affected like nearly all of those not sick, and was thinking very strongly of getting down

Sunday, — Broadfoot is complaining again, — I don't think he has been drinking, — I have got stores for all but one of my Company tents, and I think there will be an improvement in the general health of the Company. — The stores will dry the tents, and keep out dampness, — besides the men will not stand around Camp fires during a rain. — I do not travel around through the mud, if I can avoid it, staying on the dry in my tent.

There the 40th Ohio officers are very jealous of those of the 42nd, — The 42nd is altogether the best Regiment, and has a better class of men for Officers — The officers of the 40th don't get along well together — the Col and Lieut Col don't speak to each other — the Major and Surgeon don't speak, and the staff generally manage to make their positions anything but agreeable, — Col. Brans of the 40th holds Command over Col Garfield, but the latter was appointed Col. Commanding Brigade, and I suppose will be made Brigadiers General, — I am for Garfield all the time, He is energetic, and endeavors to take care of his men, — Some of the 14th Ky officers complain however, but I think men sometimes try to cover their own deficiency by throwing the blame on some body else,

Ohio Furnace Oct. 10-62
John Means Esq. Dr. John

As this
is an exceedingly unhealthy season
in this vicinity I expect my wife
to be sick in a very few weeks. I
would like to inquire of you, whether
the seamstress we have been speaking
of would be a good nurse on such
an occasion, your wife could
get the desired information —
If so & willing to serve I would
like to have her come soon, and
she could serve for us until
the Epidemic reaches here. We
have a young lady serving for us, but
she is no nurse. Is Benj. Black
a good Smith?

Yours truly
W. Means

start - Will is ^{here} for dinner I must go down
and see - how the folks come on at
the furnace - nothing new out there yet -
With much love Thru -



Union Landing Feb 10th 1860

Dear John,

Yours of the 9th was received.
Saturday evening, but there was only one
copy of "Leicester Standard" so much delayed
to you for attending to the matter.
If any letters come from Arctic to me in
your care please send them by the
Boston. I had thought I would have been
up before this, and wrote to Green
to direct his letters are given care, but the
banks have been and are so much
shaken I can not get ~~the~~ down to boat
They have been helping from Boston
two last trips, and are going to ship so on
as soon as day. Uncle William Ellison
was here yesterday. The Manchester friends
are all well with the exception of little
Audrey. She still gets weaker. They are
not expecting Uncle William, Jr. home
in two weeks. Your note to Mile will go

go out this afternoon by the am. But
are howling the down down. Amanda
Kelleys moved up to London last night.
The high water took away most all of the
fences about here, & was nearly up to
knee high in the yard, but I washed
up the counter in the store, & cleaned
out a few feet as nothing ever happens
here, all day or just alike. I will be
up as soon as the road is safe.

With my love to Maggie, Emma, Jessie
Lily, and Rose

Yours affectionately Bill

Munday Chas. Lee

My dear Master

P We have often thought
and us of two Father about going to see
you this winter but instead of weather,
one thing and another has prevented us.
We had been spending a very quiet winter
the roads being almost impassable so that

we left more than ever intended to
Yonell Sam for mail privilege; after one
evening noisy & are read like the Gullion
in The Arabian nights, or wait for the next
evening. Although I was once troubled
during the high water about my roses, the
water fell without doing any damage
except some roots first found a
merry place - for which not withstanding
they many 2093 this winter I can't say but
I felt thankful knowing so well as I do
that he belonged to us both. We have plenty
left - Jane has been obliged to stay from
school this winter on account of cold colds
and disagreeable weather. Poor genius
don't let me to display it self in the elegant
and useful occupation of learning. I can
not think but like Oliver Cromwell
something will turn up that will suit
him. May very often dream of the
Babies and their looks the following day
for there will be afraid the Prance will

since Christmas day — I humored him awhile
but I have quit that — I think he wants
to get into some place outside the Company
organization, but they are all full, yet he
had got the notion in his head that he belonged
to Galtip, and of course Galtip would
keep him about him, if he had not anything
for him to do — Col Crook has strengthened
the Guardsmen considerably. Remember me
to Hattie and the little folks.

Yours truly
Abel

Camp Drill-Sky,
February 20th 1862

Mr. John Me and

Dear John:

Yours by Alex Martin
is received. I am very glad to hear that the
low business is lasting off, and I am grati-
fied at the recent news from the Army — We
have heard up here from Roanoke, & Fort
Donaldson, but have not the particulars of either.
We all think that Secession is on its last
legs, and are encouraged at the prospect
of getting back to our homes some time during
the summer, — I suppose that the last act
of the Secession Drama will be to sell out, right
till interest "rises" and all to the masters of
the sea. It will be a tempting bait for Eng-
land, and it remains to be seen whether she
will bite or not. I do not know that I can
assign any good reason for my belief, that
we will get into a war with England, grow-
ing out of this rebellion, but I do think
so notwithstanding the papers say the news from
Europe is favorable, and that England and
Englishmen have modified their views very
much of late.

In Paymaster has arrived in the
Landy Valley, and will pay us all up to
the 1st of January. He has gone to Pitts-
burgh and will return here about the middle of next
week and pay the Regiment. Col. [unclear]

has gone to Pittsburg, and Col Achran is now in command at this post. — Col Garfield started up this morning on the Epitola, leaving but two companies of the 42nd down, — they will follow on the next boat. — They should be taking advantage of this rise of water to get up a large quantity of provisions. — Hay & Corn can be bought here much cheaper than at Cincinnati. — The Quartermaster at Cincinnati has sent a large amount of Hay, Corn & oats up here against the wishes of Col. Garfield who notified him he could get Hay here for \$13⁰⁰ or \$14⁰⁰ per ton, while what comes from Anti-coats the Government over \$20⁰⁰. — It is offered Corn here every day in lots delivered here and at Pittsburg at less price than it can be bought in Anti-coats the men getting short of provisions before this rise, and had horses loaded with forage, — so it is. Uncle Sam gets crowded everywhere. — Col. Garfield has reported the matter to the King, and I suppose this thing will be stopped. — The feeling does not abate between the 40th & 42nd, or rather the 40th show a good deal of it towards the 42nd, but it seems to me that the 42nd pursues the even tenor of their ways. In speaking of the 40th & 42nd Regiments I have referred to the Affairs. — The Paymaster says he has not received any Adjustment Bills, or been notified that one have made out such Bills. — I intend having the Paymaster pay the amount to me, if he can, and if he does not do it, I will collect

the money from the men, and take it to Ashland myself, — provided always I can get leave of absence.

Capt. Jim Hunter of Morgan County Co. of Col. Williams Rebel Regiment, who was in the Battle of Middle Creek came in to our Camp a few days ago, took the oath of allegiance, gave bonds for his future loyalty, and has been released. He said that they landed off the battle field three wagon loads of dead. he did not know how many bodies were in them. — A. Son of Dick Stanton of Mayfield is a Lieutenant in his Company as I hear. — he is sick and is very anxious to go home. Hunter says that his whole Company would return home, if they were not afraid of being arrested and treated as persons, I have seen this Hunter in Ashland, he has been in the habit of buying goods of Geasy, and at one time, I think Jim Morris was his security for the payment of the debt. — He is said to be a notorious liar, so Dale says.

I am much obliged to you for having that article put in proper shape. I suppose the Dr. is no longer afraid of being driven out of the State by the Rebels. — Any expense you think necessary, I will pay upon that property I will pay.

Jim Foster is now acting Commissary Sergeant, and has been transferred to my Company. Jacob W. Poage would rather be doing something else than his duty. — He has not been with his Company on dry

Ohio Furnace Feb. 22-1852

Dear John

I have your two favors
of 13th inst. with Mrs. Belton's order
for allotment enclosed. I have conc-
cluded to advance Mds. to Mrs. Belton
Mrs. Sampson and Mrs. Lacy, all
living here and having husbands in
Arch's Company. You will therefore
omit to me such aunts, as may
be paid you for wives of C. P. Sampson
Alvis Belton and — Lacy —

Mrs. Reynolds has not yet reached
here having gone across the river from
the Ldg. and not returned on Thursday
when sent for. I will send for her
again today. I have the pleasure
also to announce the birth of a son
on Thursday at 2³/₄ P.M. Dr. Spalding
officiated and the affair came off
in good style. All are doing well
so far. My wife sends her

regards to all -

I enclose the dollar
for fare advanced Mr. Reynolds
Yours truly
W. Means

Marietta Feb. 24. - 1862.

My dear Hattie,

I was quite astonished to receive a letter you in four days from the date, what in world has got into the Mails to go so fast; it must be war times.

I took it for granted that you were all well as you didn't say a word about one of Childrens, I hope in your next to hear something about them, & how Tommy gets along

We feel quite desolate here as all left us, even taken all the
they couldn't bear

The ladies

Soldiers, as the

Episcopalians

but last week

expect it is

She has been

a fresh, she

She has atten

is said that

We want you

gone & we have

I am much oblig'd to you for your friendly invitation to visit you, I will take it into consideration as you requested - as I visited you last I thought if I went any where this Spring I must go to Zanesville & Dresden, but I will decide when the time comes.

Took a very bad cold about three weeks ago in attending Church & have been very unwell ever since not confined to my bed, but I am now much better & am in hopes to be out again when the weather becomes settled.

As Putnam spent the afternoon with me - we have a babe are at Newport little Douglas.
 Will see them here soon
~~his way to Fort~~

Nashville 8

grannies to
one to rejoice.
our side & we will
many poor soldiers
sacrificed.

Nye among the Number
Rev. Hildreth

Anch - 8th March 1862

Camp Bull Run
March 8 1862

Mr John Ward

Dear John,

There is nothing
new going on up here I believe. - the general
impression is that we will shortly leave
the Sandy Valley. - Genl Gagefield in
a recent despatch to Genl Buell says -
"The Campaign is over in the Sandy Valley
and it is almost impossible to keep up a
supply of provisions. - His forces have been
as far as Pound Gap. - They report a few
thousand of Humphrey Marshall's forces at Ab-
ingdon, the balance still further east in
Va. He asks to be transferred to some other
locality. - His forces at Pickett are in a
bad condition, - the recent flood drove
them out of their tents, and destroyed much
of their Camp equipage - the 42d reports
only 330 fit duty. When they left Columbus
they reported over 1000. This Regiment is in
a good condition, respects about the same,
yet we number less aggregate.

I am glad to hear that Jim Moon is getting better. I was afraid that he would not get well, — None of my sick men shall be transferred to the Ashland Hospital hereafter without my consent, as I think we have a better Surgeon there at Ashland, & I have not lost a man yet. Capt. Col. Davis has lost fifteen, — if he had lost the first one, the Regiment would have lost nothing.

Capt. Thomas has assigned his cause C. J. Arnto was made Adj'tant. Arnto was acting Adj'tant during the absence of Dabell, — and kept the Regimental Books in excellent order and style, and was always up to time. The Colonel was pleased with him, and when Dabell returned, he made him Captain of Halloway's Company. — Captain Thomas talked through Camp to that he would assign if Arnto was made Adj'tant. The Colonel heard of it, — The Captain asked the Colonel if he had appointed Major Arnto Adj'tant, — the Colonel told him he had. The Captain then said "Will you accept my resignation," the Colonel promptly replied "yes sir," and so the Captain was in for it. — He was most taken in his man.

I expect to be in Ashland during the coming week, — can't say what day, as my getting away from Camp, depends upon the coming of the Paymaster, who appears to be a uncertain individual. I think we will be paid on Monday, our pay rolls are in his hands, now. My Company will get one and a half months pay to the 1st January.

Remember me to all. — Jim McAllister was sentenced by Court Martiaile to forfeit two months pay, — five days in the guard house in bread and water, and be reprimanded before the whole Regiment.

Yours truly Arch.

and I suppose next the children will all have them - I got up a sewing society for the hospital & they sent to Cincinnati & bought 190 yards of muslin to make into bed shirts for the sick - do tomorrow we are to meet at Mrs Martin's & go to work on it - This would be a fine time for you to visit us now as there are plenty Dr. Elder Dr. Kalbe Dr. Cox & Dr. Cook of Springfield are the hospital D's - Dr. Cook is acquainted with father - Mr. Harry the 18th Kentucky Regiment stationed here for several weeks - They drill every day where we can see them from our window & it is a great amusement to the children to watch them - we don't do much but talk about & look at the soldiers - Belle came up this morning to make us a visit & brought up a supply of nice things from the ladies of her neighborhood in the hospital - fifty more sick came today & about seventy died well enough to leave I do hope you & Mary Ross will make us a visit in April & I thank you might come to see me first & Charlie & this afterwards - I'll do my best to make the visit agreeable - Give my love to Father George & Mary & write soon to yours affec

not up house in road in no
way from time past young & old & it's no use
talking of training men out of your way
among many men who are not
men & men & not men

Ashland March 12th 1862
My Dear Mother

I was happy to receive your last letter, but sorry to find you have not been as well as usual. I was hoping you would be able to get through the winter without any sickness but I suppose that would be an impossible thing. You said in your last letter that I did not say anything about the children when I last wrote - They were well then - but since that I have been having a private hospital of my own - three weeks ago today Paul fell over the high fence against the gate & burned her leg dreadfully - for two weeks nearly she could not walk scarcely at all - and I had to nurse her most of the time - or else let her lay

in her crib - and she was most
tenuously cross - first we poulticed her
leg & then dressed it with Salve
of Dr Dan's Manufacture twice a day
and have kept it bandaged till
yesterday it seemed perfectly healed -
A week ago yesterday - I thought
I would wash some paint in the
kitchen room and told Biddy to
bring me in the high steps - & while
I went into the kitchen to get a pan
of water - Bessie & Bob both jumped
on the steps & he pushed her off
I broke her arm - She came to
me crying very hard and wanted
me to take off her dress - I did so
& saw in a minute that her arm was
broken or out of place - John wasn't
at home & I was scared half to death
but started Biddy on the bed for the
Doctor & John - She fortunately met
the Dr on the street & he came right
up & let us know it had time to
turn any - She cried most of
the time for two or three days &

nights - we hardly got any sleep
with her for two nights - and I kept
John at home for several days as
she had to be lifted on & off the bed & the
chair etc - She laynt edly for minutes
in a place - Her arm was broken
about an inch below the elbow in the
small bone fortunately - The large bone
was not injured - She had to hold
it most of the time in a horizontal
position when she let it fall it made
her hand swell - it was very tiresome
to her - we had a chair fixed with a
big board on it for her to rest her
arm on & she lets in it most of the
time - She has been quite a sufferer -
but I hope now that the worst is over
and if she meets with no accidents
that she will do well - We have to watch
her very carefully & it is very hard to
keep the children away from her - &
to keep her from falling down - Dr Dan
has dressed her arm several times
& it looks now to be doing well -
The measles are very prevalent in town

Union Landing March 22d, 1862

John Means Esq.
Ashland Ky.

Dear John

I enclose my
check on Bank of Ashland for credit of
Thos. W. Means \$64⁰⁰ According to my state-
ment of allotments of 18th inst. My family
are doing well enough - Please inform of the
accident to my niece Bess and hope it is
not serious - Will you be kind enough to
go across the river and examine Mr. P. Paul's
small brick - I am of the opinion that the
clay is not of a good quality - the bricks
on the outside present too smooth an ap-
pearance for first rate fire brick, and you
will please break one and see if the grain
is coarse as it should be. The best clay
is very hard to grind fine. Mr. Israel himself
saying that his machine would not do it - If
you think the brick will answer please purchase
sufficient clay in Ashland to lay an inner wall
and ship to us - My love to your family -

Yours truly
W. Means

John Meaus
By Arch Meaus

John Meaus 22 March
1862

on Saturday - Today Monday he started
with her again and took her to Union
to keep her there a few days as Dr Spalding
can come over there easily to see her if
bring only four miles from Greerupsburgh.
The poor child has it very particularly I am
but she has a good deal to suffer yet I am
afraid - I was quite surprised to learn of
Dong Putnam being in the Pittsburgh fight
I thought he was not in the service for that
You wants to know if Dong thinks Gen
Grant was drunk all the time of the
battle as it is reported in Cincinnati - I
should like to hear his account of it
The papers compliment Jesse Hildebrand's
brigade for their gallantry & bravery I
don't think Marietta people need to be
ashamed of them - I should like to see
Mrs Perkins diary if Mary Ross can get
it & copy it off some time & add to
the hardship of her doing her own washing
she always did it out of choice in Marietta
as far as I can remember - & when Mr Perkins
first saw her & fell in love with her she was at
the wash tub. Do you not have from something
else that killed her - Has Dissey gone home yet?
Please write me the reports about that you speak
about don't tell what they were - I hope you will
get down to see me this summer but putting
it off till Peach time seems a long time &
was much delayed for the melon feeds -
For to Father George very yours Katie

Yours ever
Wm. H. Young summer day night hours
Ashland April ^{Monday} 1862 -

My Dear Mother -

I was happy to get
your letter and find you are in
better health than when you wrote
last - I expected you would be
on your way to Jamestown by this
time - You have forgotten how
warm Charles' house is in the
summer time or you would hurry
yourself ~~so~~ to get there before it
gets late in the season - I suppose
Mary Ross is all excitement about
going and is having all her finery
arranged in style - I hope you &
will both have a good time you must
give my love to Charles & Prescott -
Sarah & Sophia and tell Pres to
send me the daguerreotype of his little
girls - I wish very much I could
have gone up to see Charlie myself
and taken Bessie to consult him

him about her arm I have nearly
cried myself sick over it - it has been
set so badly & so badly managed that
she has really lost the use of it -
I did not know that there was any
danger of keeping it in the splint too
long & was so afraid of her getting it
broken over that I did not take them
off soon enough - when we took them
off the arm looked so crooked & stiff
that I thought it was ruined forever.
John started with her as soon as he
could to Greenup'sburgh to consult Dr
Spalding who is the best Surgeon in this
part of the Country - He looked at it &
worked with it for about an hour &
then came to the conclusion that
it was not broken when old Dr. Van
thought, it was (an inch below the
elbow joint) but was broken right on
the edge of the upper bone where it
joins the joint as Van had not
tried to set it there. The only thing
that saved it was making the splint
pretty long which pushed it into shape
without his knowing it though it is not

very well together one edge sticking
out too much - and it ought to have
been taken out of the splint long ago
and almost from the first should
have been taken out & bent every day -
he thinks she will get the use of it
though by bending it twice a day &
wrapping it in a sling at night & most
of the day & making her bend it often -
I don't think old Van will not get
any more bone setting to do in my family
or among my acquaintances if he can't
help it. I don't see how he could have
missed it so far if he was here so
soon after it was broken. That it was
not worked at all - The poor child has
to suffer so much it nearly takes her
life when John tries to bend it &
I suppose it will be a long time
before she gets to use it again still -
I have not had anything worry me so much
for a long time I was like she never
could use it again unless it was broken
over & it seemed as if it would almost
kill her to do that - I felt quite relieved
when John came back from Dr. Spalding

Camp Prentiss,
Paxton's Woods, Louisville Ky
April 5th 1862

Dear John:

I send you for M^r Singh Means \$1,009⁰⁰ — \$428⁰⁰ of which is upon the allotment Roll. — The balance is principally sent home by men in my Company. You will find that there are a number of those who have assigned upon the allotment Roll, who do not appear in this statement. They are absentees, and I could not draw their pay, even with the power of attorney. — Please send Bill — the amount I have sent you for her — perhaps she may not want to use all of it, but it is at her disposal, — I have been very busy since we came here, we are encamped in as nice a place as is possible, — The men have all received the Spring-field gifts, the best gun in the service, a dress coat, our Tents — Sibley's patent — The Sandy boys don't want to go back on Sandy — the weather has been fine since we left Ashland and we are drilling every day, — The horses

a very respectable looking Regiment and the
boys take a good deal of pride in
this general appearance — The 22nd
Kentucky left for Lexington to-day. — The
42nd Ohio is here, — we will leave here
on Monday or Tuesday I think for
Lexington. We have lost Genl Garfield, —
he has gone to Harrisville to take command
there. we are now under a Genl Morgan
of Ohio. — The Indiana Regiment is at
Lexington, — the 19th Ky will be in our
Brigade the 42nd Ohio, & a Ohio com^a in battery.
We will very likely stay at Lexington
two or three weeks. — The men are in
excellent spirits, and the health of the
Regiment has greatly improved. Some are
sick with diarrhea owing to the limestone
water. Give my love to all your
family. I am in first rate health. Col
Cochran joined us this morning. he
looks very badly. — I will write again
when I have more time of you's Truly
Archd Means

Adress to the 14th Ky Regiment, Somerville
Ky. Letters will be forwarded by the
Post master after we leave here

sick rooms which was as much as I cared about - The beds looked very comfortable sheets pillow cases & plenty of nice blankets on them - The ladies of Ashland have been meeting for nearly six weeks during two afternoons a week in the Hospital - we have made fifty shirts & fixed over 30 old shirts making 80 shirts - 37 pair of drawers 7 pair of slippers &c which I think is doing pretty well considering we could hardly get out more than fourteen of an afternoon I have attended all the meetings but one and my Saturday they have met at my house - So it has kept me pretty busy I suppose we will finish up this work making up all the muslin & & will most likely not meet any more - The children are all well I still keep the infants on Bessie's arm though I suppose they might have come off some time ago but she gets so many falls & knocks that I was afraid to take them off - We have about forty peacock trees in bloom - Stylanthus Crown Imperials &c I still hope you may visit one this summer but would rather you would come here first fall

you may see a good deal of this country now & I would go to see it again if you would come up & stay with us for a week or two - My husband is going to New York in May & my property is for rent while we are away -

Ashland April 7th 1862
My Dear Mother

I have been wanting for some time to write to you - but I have been so busy that I could hardly find time & you since I received your last letter - I have had such a house full of company - Bella & Arch were here nearly three weeks and Mary Anne has been more than a week and Father Means Mr. Sampson & occasionally it seemed some of the time like I was keeping hotel - there were so many running in & out to see them and such a press all the time - Arch has gone back to his regiment and is now stationed at Bardstown a little town back of Louisville where they will stay

- I was on his trip most of my time now -

Three months they suppose -
Of course I had to stop my house
cleaning and as soon as they were
gone Biddy & I began again - and
nearly finished last week - so if
you come only coming in April
we would be all clean & ready
for you - I am very much disappointed
that you are going to visit Gainesville
first - for it will be due to get so
warm by the time you are through
your visit there that you won't feel
like leaving home again - As to the
Hospital that need not trouble
you away there are not near as
many sick there as there have been
and as there are but two regiments
up Sandy now it is not likely there
will be as many sick as there have
been - There ~~are~~^{now} about 150 there now
Counting nurses & all - I went down

To see the Hospital the other day -
They have just put up a wash house
& bakery at a cost of over \$100 dollars -
it looked very nice indeed - There were
a hundred loaves in baking at once
They have a baker from Trouton and the
head baked two loaves - They had the
most miserable bread type made by the
Ashland baker he made it so soft &
heavy that they could scarcely use it
at all - They gave him a pound of flour for a
pound of bread & he just put potatoes in his
bread & made it heavy on purpose
I think the Doctors will be blamed for not
getting bread done where else done -
This wash room has six great iron
viles & very thing nice & convenient - they
hire women by the day to go there & wash -
Their cooking stove is as big as a big
furnace - & all the cooking on it is
done by steam - which is very nice
for soup - rice - gruel &c - & nothing can
burn on it - I went into one of the

Regiment without missing the amount! — And &
of course Roberts, both of whom deserted my
Company at Lexington this, and are now no
doubt on their way to Fort Towson. — Clatto
with eight of my men caught up with us at
Lexington. Price has not yet arrived. —
Captains Davis & McElwain have resigned,
and I mean to have them to-morrow, — Col.
Cochran is at Lexington, his health so un-
sound, and he will join us on Monday
at Coal Orchard. Lt Col. Drown is sick
in Lexington, but is improving, and I expect
will join us with Col. Cochran, — I left
one of my men in a Hospital at Lexing-
ton. — he was sick when we left Nellard.
One or two others are sick, but are not
taking any medicine, and keep up with
us on the march. — From Coal Orchard
to Columbus and Ford, we will have to repair
the road, taking alternate sections of five
miles with the ~~for~~^{2d} Ohio. — We will stay and
so do Indians do the same upon the ~~old~~^{old} road.
I believe it is 106 miles from Lexington
to the Ford, and 66 miles from Coal Orchard
to the Ford. This road crosses Kentucky
River eight miles from here. — This morning
to Hattie and the little folks. I received
your letter, and one by mail from Dull. —
Direct to Lexington Ky. as we have made
arrangements to have our letters forwarded
to us from there. Yours
A. Bricker

14 Miles south of Lexington Ky
2 " " Nickelsville
April 11th 1862
Mr John Means

Dear John. You will
discover from the heading of this letter that
I was mistaken about our staying two
or three miles at or near Lexington. —
We arrived in Lexington on Sunday even-
ing about 4 p o'clock, and quartered in
the Railroad Depot for the night. —
It rained during the whole of the next
day, and snowed too, and we could not
get into a Camp. — On Monday morn-
ing we received orders to move from day
earlier, and be prepared to march at
2 o'clock. We got started from Lexing-
ton about 2 o'clock, and took the
road towards Coal Orchard, through
Nicholsville, Jessamine County. — We en-
camped last night three miles from Lexing-
ton, — to-day we marched eleven miles and
encamped at 2 p o'clock. We left the 22nd
Ky. encamped near Lexington, although they
had orders to march, before we got to

Livingston, they go another road with the
3d Indiana through Richmond, — Iw
H^{er} Ohio Regt, and one Battery (either of
this division or Michigan Battery) — One Battery
goes to each road, — Iw 10th Kentucky Regt
is guarding the Railroads from Cor-
ington, as far as Nickleville, and perhaps
further, but I am not advised whether the
road extends any further, except upon paper.
The Maps show a railroad to Danville.
We are 12 or 18 miles from Camp Dixie Rob-
insons, where we will doubtless camp on to-
morrow night, — I learn that the force
at Gandyland Ind. is composed of the
16th Ohio, 7th Kentucky, & 1st or 2nd Tennessee
Regiments, one Battery of Artillery, and Two
Companies of Cavalry (St. L.). — Some other
Regiments are being formed of fugitives
Pennsylvanians, — the Wolverines are said to be
coming on rapidly, — one Rgt has now less
than 100, and another three hundred, — I
saw a son of Paran Donisthorpe at Livingston,
He is on his way to join one of these new
Regiments, of which he is Lt. Col., — that is, to
be, — He looks to be about Twenty years
of age, — He hear a good many stories
about the force at Gandyland
Capt, — The Rebels have undoubtedly, a
strong position, and a good many heavy

guns, some of them 6^{lb}'s — He hear that
they will not make much assistance, but
at this distance, & do not pretend to give
you any reliable information, — He know he had
the roads from Island H^{ill}, and Bettisburg
Landing, and now if if McLellan would
reverse the high reputation, which accesi-
ents gives him, he would resign or do some-
thing, — The heat of the coming conflict
at Yorktown, and are of course anxious to
know the result, —

The Union men through here
are as strong as any body, — The Union
people are either Union or Rebel on the
extreme, — Towns I have seen here is a
fine country, and is highly cultivated &
improved. It is a pleasure right to me
to look over such a country as this, as
far as the eye can reach in many places
the fine land, fine houses and the finest
stocks can be seen, — The Union men
appear poor for any thing we want to buy
to eat. I took supper at the house of
a Mr. Lewis with a dozen officers of the Reg-
iment. He refused pay and invited us
back for breakfast. I did not go back,
but would have done so, if he had not re-
fused pay, — Judging from the emanings
I know our doubt he could have fed the



Ohio Turnpike Apr. 14th 1802 -
W. Means Esq.

Dear Sir.

I would like to have you
ship us a ton of ground fire clay at your
convenience - Do you know of a good Carpen-
ter we can get in a few weeks to do some farm-
ing for us - I have heard of a man, Mr. Clear or
Clare living in the vicinity of Bellefonte who is
reputed to be a good & fast workman, at low prices
Do you know anything of him? Please inquire of
Bro. Ansell - All well - Yours truly
W. Means

Greenup July
April 22d

1862

Mr J. Means
Dr jn

I was called
away on Tues day to
Upper falls a very. operation
which detained me until
Wednesday morn & dur-
ing the night the water
gott so high in Sandy
that I was unable to
get home till after
the Boston had gone
up, or I should have
been at your fathers
Wednesday morn.
If your little daughter
is receiving the
use of arms I think
you may rest satisfied
that she will entirely
recover it. I would you

I feel at all uneasiness about
her, or think she was
was not driving right
in any way. Please
write me it will

endeavour to see her

yours truly
A. P. Welding